





# TEXT OF REVISED COVENANT OF THE NATIONS' LEAGUE

Many Important Changes Made in Document Since It Was First Tentatively Drawn Up.

## THIRTY-TWO NATIONS IN PACT; OTHERS INVITED

President Wilson to Have Honor of Calling the First Meeting of the League and of the Executive Council—Monroe Doctrine Specifically Upheld.

Washington, April 27.—The state department made public tonight the text of the revised covenant of the league of nations, as it was presented to the plenary session of the peace conference at Paris. The text follows:

The covenant of the league of nations:

In order to promote international peace and security, by the acceptance of obligations not to resort to war, by the prescription of open, just, and honorable relations between nations, by the firm establishment of the understandings of international law as to actual rule of conduct among governments, and by the maintenance of justice and a scrupulous respect for all treaty obligations in the dealings of organized peoples with one another, the contracting parties agree to the following:

[The original preamble of the league of nations shall be those of the signatories which are named in the annex to this covenant and also such of those other states named in the annex as shall accede to the covenant.]

Such accessions shall be effected by a declaration deposited with the secretariat within two months of the coming into force of the covenant. Notice thereof shall be sent to all other members of the league.

Any fully self-governing state, dominion, or colony not named in the annex may become a member of the league if its admission is agreed by two-thirds of the assembly, provided that it shall give effective guarantee of its sincere intention to observe its international obligations and shall accept such regulations as may be prescribed by the league in regard to its military and naval force and armaments.

Any member of the league may, after two years' notice of its intention so to do, withdraw from the league, provided that all its international obligations and all its obligations under this covenant shall have been fulfilled at the time of its withdrawal.

[This article is new, embodying with alterations and additions the old article VII. It provides more specifically the method of admitting new members and adds the entirely new paragraph providing for withdrawal from the league. No mention of withdrawal was made in the old text.]

Article TWO.

The action of the league under this covenant shall be effected through the instrumentality of an assembly and of a council, with permanent secretariat. (Originally this was a part of article I. It gives the name assembly to the gathering of representatives of the members of the league, formerly referred to merely as "the body of delegates.")

Article THREE.

The assembly shall consist of representatives of the members of the league. The assembly shall meet at stated intervals and from time to time as occasion may require, at the seat of the league, or at such other place as may be decided upon.

The assembly may deal at its meetings with any matter within the sphere of action of the league, or affecting the peace of the world.

At meetings of the assembly, each member of the league shall have one vote, and may have not more than three representatives.

(This embodies parts of the original articles one, two and three, with only minor changes. It refers to "members of the league," where the term "high contracting parties" originally was used, and this change is followed throughout the revised draft.)

Article FOUR.

The council shall consist of representatives of the United States of America, of the British empire, of France, of Italy, and of Japan, together with representatives of four other members of the league shall be selected by the assembly from time to time in its discretion. Until the appointment of the representatives of the four members of the league first selected by the assembly, representatives of — shall be members of the council.

The approval of the majority of the assembly the council may name additional members to the league whose representatives shall always be members of the council; the council with like approval may increase the number of members of the league to be selected by the assembly for representation on the council.

The council shall meet from time to

time as occasion may require and at least once a year, at the seat of the league, or at such other place as may be decided upon.

The council may deal at its meetings with any matter within the sphere of action of the league or affecting the peace of the world.

Any member of the league not represented on the council shall be invited to send a representative to sit as a member at any meeting of the council, and the consideration of matters specially affecting the interests of that member of the league.

At the meetings of the council each member of the league represented on the council shall have one vote, and may not have more than one representative.

Article FIVE.

Except where otherwise expressly provided, all decisions of the council at any meeting of the assembly or of the council shall require the agreement of all the members of the league represented at the meeting.

The first meeting of the assembly and the first meeting of the council shall be summoned by the president of the United States of America.

Article SIX.

The permanent secretariat shall be established at the seat of the league. The secretariat shall comprise a secretary general and such secretaries and staff as may be required.

The first secretary general shall be the person named in the annex; thereafter the secretary general shall be appointed by the council, with the approval of the majority of the assembly.

The secretary general shall act in that capacity as the organ of the assembly and of the council.

The expense of the secretariat shall be borne by the members of the league, in accordance with the apportionment of the expenses of the international bureau of the Universal Postal Union.

[This replaces the original article V. In the original, the appointment of the first secretary general was left to the council and approval of the majority of the assembly was not required for subsequent appointments.]

Article SEVEN.

The seat of the league is established at Geneva.

The council may at any time decide that the seat of the league shall be established elsewhere.

All positions under or in connection with the league, including the secretariat, shall be open equally to men and women.

Representatives of the members of the league and officials of the league, when engaged on the business of the league, shall enjoy diplomatic privileges and immunities.

The buildings and other property occupied by the league or its officials, or by representatives attending its meetings, shall be inviolable.

[The paragraph opening positions to women equally with men is new.]

Article EIGHT.

The members of the league recognize that the maintenance of a peace requires the reduction of national armaments to the lowest point consistent with national safety and the enforcement by common action of international obligations.

The council, taking account of the geographical situation and circumstances of each state, shall formulate plans for the reduction of the armaments and action of the several governments.

Such plans shall be subject to reconsideration and revision at least every ten years.

After these plans shall have been adopted by the several governments, the limits of armaments therein fixed shall not be exceeded without the concurrence of the council.

assembly or of the council any circumstances whatever affecting international relations which threatens to disturb either the peace or the good understanding between nations upon which peace depends.

Article TWELVE.

The members of the league agree that if there should arise between them any dispute likely to lead to a rupture, they will submit the matter either to arbitration or to inquiry by the council, and they agree in no case to resort to war until three months after the award by the arbitrators or the report by the council.

In any case under this article, the award of the arbitrators shall be made within a reasonable time, and the report of the council shall be made within six months after the submission of the dispute.

Article THIRTEEN.

The members of the league agree that, whenever any dispute shall arise between them which they recognize to be suitable for submission to arbitration and which cannot be satisfactorily settled by diplomacy, they will submit the whole subject-matter to arbitration.

Disputes as to the interpretation of a treaty, as to any question of international law, as to the existence of any fact which, if established, would constitute a breach of any international obligation, or as to the extent and nature of the reparation to be made for any such breach, are declared to be among those which are generally suitable for submission to arbitration.

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prevention of all financial, commercial or personal intercourse between the nationals of the covenant breaking state and the nationals of any other state, whether a member of the league or not.

It shall be the duty of the council in such case to recommend to the governments concerned such effective military or naval forces as the members of the league shall severally contribute to the armaments of forces to be used to protect the covenants of the league.

The members of the league agree, further, that they will mutually support one another in the financial and economic measures which are taken under this article, in order to minimize the loss and inconvenience resulting from the above measures, and that they will mutually support one another in resisting any special measures aimed at one of their number by the covenant-breaking state, and that they will take the necessary steps to afford passage through their territory to the army of any of the members of the league which are co-operating to protect the covenants of the league.

Any member of the league which has violated any covenant of the league may be declared to be no longer a member of the league by a vote of the council concurred in by the representatives of all the other members of the league existing at the time of the declaration.

Article SEVENTEEN.

In the event of a dispute between a member of the league and a state which is not a member of the league, or between states not members of the league, the state or states not members of the league shall be invited to accept the obligations of membership in the league for the purposes of such dispute, upon such conditions as the council may deem just.

Disputes as to the interpretation of a treaty, as to any question of international law, as to the existence of any fact which, if established, would constitute a breach of any international obligation, or as to the extent and nature of the reparation to be made for any such breach, are declared to be among those which are generally suitable for submission to arbitration.

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The prohibition of abuses, such as slave trade, the arms traffic, and the liquor traffic and the prevention of the establishment of fortifications or military and naval bases and of military training of the nations for other than police purposes and the defense of territory, and such other equal opportunities for the trade and commerce of other members of the league.

Sparingly Settled Places.

There are territories, such as South-west Africa and certain of the South Pacific islands, which, owing to the sparseness of their population or their small size or their remoteness from the centers of civilization or the territory of any of the members of the league, may be best administered under the laws of the mandatory as integral portions of its territory subject to the safeguards above mentioned to the interests of the indigenous population.

In every case of mandate, the mandatory shall render to the council an annual report in reference to the territory committed to its charge.

A permanent commission shall be constituted to receive and examine the annual reports of the mandatory and to advise the council on all matters relating to observance of the mandates.

Article TWENTY-THREE.

Subject to and in accordance with the provisions of articles XXII and XXIII, existing or hereafter to be agreed upon, members of the league (a) will endeavor to secure and maintain fair and humane conditions of labor for men, women, and children, both in their own countries and in all countries to which their commercial and industrial relations extend, and to establish and maintain necessary international organizations.

(b) Undertake to secure just treatment of the native inhabitants of territories under their control.

(c) Will instruct the league with general supervision of the trade in arms and ammunition with the exception of small arms and light arms, and will endeavor to secure the traffic in opium and other dangerous drugs.

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(f) Will endeavor to take steps in matters of international concern for the prevention and control of disease.

[This replaces the original article XX, and embodies parts of the original articles XXII and XXIII. It eliminates a specific provision formerly made for the control of international traffic in opium and adds the clauses (b) and (c).]

Article TWENTY-FOUR.

There shall be placed under the direction of the league all international bureaus already established by general treaties if the parties to such treaties consent. All such international bureaus shall be subject to the supervision of the league.

Article TWENTY-FIVE.

The members of the league agree to encourage and promote the establishment and co-operation of any voluntary international Red Cross organizations, having as purposes improvement of health, the prevention of disease, and mitigation of suffering throughout the world.

Article TWENTY-SIX.

Amendments to this covenant, which take effect when ratified by the members of the league whose representatives compose the council, and by a majority of the members of the league whose representatives compose the assembly.

Such amendment shall (the word not apparently omitted in cable transmission) bind any member of the league which signifies its dissent therefrom, but in that case it shall cease to be a member of the league.

[Same as original, except majority of league, instead of two-thirds. It is required for ratification of amendments, but in that case it shall cease to be a member of the league.]

Article TWENTY-SEVEN.

Original members of the league of nations. Signatories of the treaty of peace.

United States of America, Belgium, Bolivia, Brazil, British empire, Canada, Australia, South Africa, New Zealand, India, China, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Ecuador, France, Greece, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Italy, Japan, Liberia, Nicaragua, Panama, Peru, Poland, Portugal, Rumania, Serbia, Siam, Uruguay.

States invited to accede to the covenant: Argentine Republic, Chile, Colombia, Denmark, Netherlands, Norway, Paraguay, Persia, Salvador, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Venezuela.

Two—First secretary general of the league of nations—

# WASHINGTON GETS PEACE MEETING

First Conference of Envoys to Be at U. S. Capital.

## WILSON MAY BE PRESIDENT

German Flag Raised at Coblenz Lowered by Yank Military Policemen—Germans Pass Freely on Versailles Streets.

Paris, April 30.—It has been virtually decided that the first meeting of the league of nations shall be held in Washington next October. Should the assembly meet first in Washington it is said President Wilson doubtless would be asked to become the first president of the league.

Plans are being formulated for the holding of this meeting, the initial gathering to be in the east room of the White House under the presidency of President Wilson. At Monday's busy session of the peace conference, President Wilson moved for the appointment of a committee of nine members to arrange for the inauguration of the league, and this committee will begin its work at once. Its task will include the formulation of permanent plans for the work of the league at Geneva and for an inaugural meeting in Washington.

Germans on Versailles Streets.

Versailles, April 30.—Pounding the expected arrival of the principal German delegates, the Germans now here were busily engaged in and between the three hotels they occupy. They passed freely through the streets without incident and with no police guards.

The space in the palace park set aside for the use of the Germans has been enlarged and closed to the public. The reserved area includes several thoroughfares, which resulted in a few incidents when the police turned pedestrians back.

One American colonel, who took the usual route to his office, was refused permission to pass. He protested to the French authorities and instructions were issued to the police to use more discretion.

More of Envoy's Arrive.

Eighty-seven of the German commission party arrived here last night, being the second party to reach the scene of the presentation of the peace terms. Of these 30 are women. The Germans include the commission on limitation of armaments, composed of Doctors Von Becker and Schall and Miss Richter, and a number of newspaper editors. Sixteen members of the latter commission are women. With the party were the official courier, Von Bismarck, a doctor, a barber and Rudolph Brand, the press representative. There were also a number of telegraph and telephone operators.

Raise German Flag at Coblenz.

Coblenz, April 30.—Uplifted in spirit by prospects of peace and newspaper reports that the German peace delegates had passed Cologne en route to Versailles, five Coblenz civilians hoisted German flags. The colors fluttered from their staffs only a short time, all being lowered by the military police, excepting in one case, almost as soon as they appeared. A crowd of 200 doughboys on leave assembled in the street near a downtown building where a large German flag was flying, but a military policeman relieved the situation by hauling down the flag himself.

Army regulations prohibit the flying of German colors except by special permission, which has been granted upon only one occasion since the Americans came. That was in January when the burgomaster of Coblenz did.

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States invited to accede to the covenant: Argentine Republic, Chile, Colombia, Denmark, Netherlands, Norway, Paraguay, Persia, Salvador, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Venezuela.

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[The annex was not published with original draft of the covenant.]

# REDS SEND BOMBS TO BIG AMER CANS

Morgan, Rockefeller, Mayor Hyman and Palmer Aimed At.

## BOMB SENT TO JUDGE LANDIS

Postmaster General Burleson and Others in Number to Whom Packages Are Addressed—Authorities Are Investigating.

Washington, May 1.—Post office inspectors at New York city reported the discovery there of seventeen infernal machines put into the mail, addressed to prominent men, including many public officials.

One of the machines is understood to have exploded during examination, but without causing great damage. All were similar to the bomb sent to former Senator Hardwick of Georgia, which, when opened at the Hardwick home, blew off the hands of a colored maid and injured Mrs. Hardwick, and the one addressed to Mayor Ole Hanson of Seattle.

Cabinet Officers in List.

Among those to whom the deadly packages were addressed were Postmaster General Burleson, Secretary of Labor Wilson, Attorney General Palmer, Commissioner General Caminetti of the immigration bureau, Mayor Hyman of New York, Governor Sprunt of Pennsylvania, John D. Rockefeller, J. P. Morgan, Solicitor General Lamar of the post office department, and F. C. Howe, immigration commissioner at New York.

The bomb for Mr. Rockefeller was addressed to his country home at Tarrytown, N. Y., and that for Mr. Morgan to 231 Madison avenue, New York. Insufficient postage prevented all seventeen going out promptly, and the following postal authorities of the one which reached the Hardwick home.

Others to whom packages were addressed included: W. M. Wood, 21 Fairfield street, Boston; W. H. Finck, special agent of the department of justice at New York; W. J. Shaffer, attorney general of Pennsylvania; T. Lary Dyer, Chester, Pa., and Richard B. Enright, police commissioner, New York city.

Associate Justice Holmes of the United States Supreme court was an enemy of the prominent intended victims. Most of the other packages were addressed to officials or men prominent in public life.

Fear Some Have Gone Through.

Seventeen packages were pulled out of the mails, but post office officials fear that some others may have had sufficient postage and have gone through the mails.

The discovery followed an investigation ordered after news came of the Hardwick bomb explosion. The packages bore labels of Gimbel Brothers' store and were sealed, but did not have sufficient postage to reach the post office officials to notify Gimbel Brothers, who disclaimed ownership of the packages and said the labels were forged.

Two Reach San Francisco.

San Francisco, May 1.—Two bombs were delivered by mail to the district attorney's office in San Francisco. One was addressed to Charles M. Fickert, district attorney, and another to Edward G. Connelley, assistant district attorney. They were mailed from New York.

One of the bombs, addressed to Connelley, was opened and found to contain percussion caps, an explosive and some acid. Both were delivered in wooden boxes, the bombs enclosed in a cardboard box inside. The packages were marked, "Novelty." With the name of "Gimbel Brothers, New York" on the outside of the package.

Landis Gets an Odd Package.

Chicago, May 1.—A small, sinister-looking package similar to those seized by postal inspectors at New York and believed to contain an infernal machine was received at the federal building chambers of Federal Judge Landis and seized by agents of the department of justice. Information from the Chicago authorities.

Judge Landis is at Rockford, and the package, which bore the red-lettered words, "Sample Novelty" on the outside, was not opened by his secretary.

The Landis package was in every way identical with those seized at New York and which were addressed to seventeen public officials and prominent men in the East. It bore the name of Gimbel Brothers, 32 Broadway, New York, as the senders, and a postmark of the Eastern city.

Alabama Man Gets One.

Gadsden, Ala., May 1.—Representative John L. Burnett, chairman of the immigration committee of the last house, narrowly escaped serious injury or possibly death by an infernal machine received through the mails. The lid on the teakwood suitcase when Mr. Burnett attempted to open it, arousing his suspicions, and he turned the machine over to the police.

The package was marked "Gimbel Brothers, New York."

It exploded with a loud report when hit by a revolver bullet fired by the police.

Grain Dealers Organize



# ADDS 2,500 MILES TO ROAD SYSTEM

Trunk Highway Bill Passed by the Senate.

## STATE ROAD TAX TO FOLLOW

Recent Extra Appropriation by Congress Makes It Necessary for State to Increase Mileage—Legislation to Provide Funds.

Madison.—The past week the trunk highway bill, providing for the addition of 2,500 miles of the additional trunk system, was passed under suspension of the rules in the senate. At the present time the Wisconsin trunk highway system has a mileage of 3,000 miles, but owing to the recent extra appropriations by congress it has been necessary for the state to increase the mileage and the legislature will also be called upon to increase the state aid. Following the bill for the increase of mileage will come a bill for a state tax for highway purposes.

The bill which creates the office of state highway agents to co-operate with county highway societies and with jurisdiction over territory in which no societies exist was passed. The bill carries an appropriation of \$2,000 annually for the expenses of the new department. The senate concurred in the bill, 14 to 4, on April 23. The bill was passed on September 23 as an emergency measure to be observed in school exercises. The amendment providing that any school with fewer than ten pupils be closed and their pupils transported to neighboring schools was killed. It is claimed that the bill would have closed about one tenth of the rural schools. Amendments were adopted to make it less drastic, but the senate even then declined to approve it.

Senator H. J. Severson, Iola, won a signal legislative victory for a new member in the senate when, by a vote of 15 to 4, the body adopted the Severson amendment to the income tax recovery change and sent the bill to congress. It is considered by the Severson amendment would allow inspection of income tax returns by any member of the legislature, or any city council or town, village or county board, the attorney general of the state, when such inspection is made in the public interest. It permits the use of the returns "in evidence in any action pending in a court of record."

The Severson amendment was adopted, 15 to 4, after the measure had been favored in an address by Senator Severson and opposed by Senator I. P. Witter, Grand Rapids.

For the Severson amendment—Anderson, Arnold, Beyer, Bingham, Burke, Conant, Dehnert, Huber, Kistner, Olson, Severson, Schultz, Struvenlund, Witcox and Zumbach—15.

Against the amendment—Benney, Bennett, Buck, Clark, Guntzmann, Foss, Kueck, Kuehner, Kye, Peter, Loeber, Stevens, Wilkinson and Witter—4.

Severson said that his amendment was not as limited in application as the committee amendment. He believed the measure he had offered would aid in uncovering the tax delinquents. He said that the committee amendment "is a joke, because it would punish a man who made the information public." He said that he had convinced him that this inspection was needed and declared that he was convinced that the state was being robbed of about half of its income tax return by the present secrecy clause.

Witter made the only speech in opposition. He said that he was opposed to removing the cloak of secrecy because it would injure business. An attempt was made to put a call of the house on and to lay the bill over, it was finally adopted on final engrossment the vote was 13 to 11. This indicates that the secrecy repeal bill will pass the senate and will be up for consideration in the house soon.

"I have been surprised at the sentiment in the state in favor of an elective railroad commission, and I believe that the bill will pass the senate," said Senator H. E. Roeders in a statement. "I have had a number of letters from the state in favor of the plan and in some districts petitions are being circulated in favor of the idea."

Senator Roeders said he was surprised at the number of senators who had come to him and told him they intended to vote for the bill. Under the terms of the measure a commissioner would be elected every two years at the spring election.

## Red Flag Bill Is Passed.

The red flag bill battle was fought over again in the assembly and passed, 54 to 17. The clash was precipitated by the Knudsen substitute amendment to his original bill prohibiting display of the red flag. Governor Philipp objected to the original bill, and on his suggestion, the bill was recalled and returned with a substitute, which prohibited use of a "revolutionary flag." Knudsen refused to accept and introduced the bill suggested by Governor Philipp, but instead introduced a new bill.

## Line Fence Top of New Bill.

The "line fence," a frequent cause of litigation, feuds and murder, is up again in the legislature in a bill introduced by H. E. Johnson. It provides that when the owner of any property is prevented from constructing a line fence on his property because of an open ditch or other obstacle, but is compelled to erect such a fence to leave outside of it a strip or portion of his land, no presumption of adverse possession shall prevail in favor of any other person with respect to such lands.

## Police Pension Bill Is Dropped.

The Bowman Milwaukee police pension bill was finally killed after a two-months' fight in the legislature. Assemblyman Knapp leading the fight against the measure. This is the bill which it was proposed to change the system of pensioning policemen. They can now retire after having served for 20 years, but under the Bowman measure no officer could have been pensioned unless he was fifty-five years old and had been in service that long.

## State Dues Ready for Battle.

Wisconsin dry forces have several cards to play in their fight for enacting the committee of state affairs bill, which would prohibit the sale of liquor by the state, when the measure goes into effect and after January 1, 1920, when the national dry amendment becomes effective.

The dry forces contend there is a distinct lobby in the legislature working night and day, tooth and nail, to obtain enactment of bills favoring persons who have supported the liquor business. They claim that the bill would be a "back door" measure to the prohibition amendment.

Evidence of this lobby, contend the dry forces, was the vote, 9 to 5, in favor of killing the committee bill, which they maintain is the only safe bill thus far presented, next to the Bennett bill. This vote is merely the first step in the effort to pass the Burke substitute bill which the lobby claims is only a "back door" measure to the prohibition amendment. The bill would authorize the sale of liquor for medicinal purposes, and to authorize the sale of liquor for medicinal purposes, and to authorize the sale of liquor for medicinal purposes.

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# News of the Badger State

Madison.—Wisconsin is a state of American-born people. Seventy-eight per cent are native sons and daughters. Of this proportion 5 per cent were born in Wisconsin. The state's foreign born have declined the last three decades. During that time 700,000 American-born have been added. More than a quarter of a million have come to us as natives of other states.

Twenty-two per cent of our population were born in other lands. Of them, 83 per cent came to us from the countries of northern Europe. Figures obtained by the immigration division of the Wisconsin department of agriculture show that within eight years the government has refused 175,470 aliens the privileges to land and take up homes in the United States. They were compelled to about physical defects or other disqualifications. With them we would include 24,684 sent back within three years after landing, people who might have become public charges or those advocating the overthrow by force or violence of the government of the United States.

Tomah.—Shennington, a village six miles east of here, boasts of a new butter-making industry which promises large dividends to those interested. Formerly a swampy, wild waste of land, this district has been turned by drainage into a series of farms unsurpassed in fertility, and many fine herds of cattle, roaming through the rich grasses there, made a creamery necessary.

Eau Claire.—After being used continuously for saloon purposes since 1860, a store building on Eau Claire's main thoroughfare, adjoining the Grand Opera house, and known for years as the Between Acts Saloon, has been purchased by a third party and began to undergo certain alterations to enter into the more prosaic occupation of housing a bakery.

Eau Claire.—Announcement is made here that the 1919 West Wisconsin Episcopal conference will be held in Eau Claire, probably the last week in August, and it will be one of the most important sessions in the history of the conference in view of the centenary drive which is being staged. More than 400 ministers are expected to attend.

Appleton.—A petition asking the state legislature to grant a cash bonus to discharged Wisconsin soldiers, sailors and marines, has been circulated by the War Mothers here and has been sent to Madison, bearing over 1,300 signatures. The local branch of War Mothers, although recently organized, has become very active in welfare work.

Kenosha.—Kenosha's first out-of-school will be under direction of Miss Louise Schreiner, formerly of La Crosse. The purpose is to keep the half-day school children off the streets and to assist them with their studies. The experiment is interesting other Wisconsin cities, who have the same schooling problems.

Racine.—The common council approved an arrangement for the purchase by the city of the water plant from the American Water Works and Electric Co. The city is to pay \$34,000 May 1, \$70,000 on or before Jan. 15, 1920, and assume bonded indebtedness of \$124,000.

Onalaska.—I. E. Green, well known farmer near here, started suit in federal court to recover \$17,887.50 which he invested in Texas lands. A. W. Cunningham, attorney and real estate broker, Harlingen, Texas, is defendant. The farmer alleges misrepresentation.

Manitowish.—Lieut. Clarence Primms, this city, with the American forces at Archangel, recently awarded a decoration by the French, has also been awarded a decoration by the Russians. Lieut. Primms was formerly head of the Manitowish Chamber of Commerce.

La Crosse.—La Crosse has invested \$65,000 of its sinking fund in bonds of the Victory Loan. The move is hailed as good business as well as patriotism, since the bonds will pay 4 1/2 per cent, while the sinking fund has been drawing 3 per cent.

Eagle River.—Within the last two weeks twenty new settlers have located near Eagle River, marking a new era in the farm settlement of Vilas county.

La Crosse.—The child welfare committee here has undertaken a second baby weighing and measuring campaign.

Reedsburg.—There has been great activity in real estate transfers in this city and county, during the past two months. During March and April 1,679 deeds and mortgages were filed for record, as against 1,072 in the same two months last year, an increase of 607. There is an unusual demand for residences and many have been sold for almost double the price.

Tomah.—Mrs. W. B. Naylor, chairman of the French war orphans' committee, reported that \$1,523.06 had been transmitted to the Madison office, and the quota for eastern Monroe county was oversubscribed nearly twice as much as the quota. The district has adopted fifty-six French war orphans since April, 1918, the opening of the campaign. Monroe county raised \$3,468 for this purpose and adopted 232 fatherless children. The amounts were raised by individuals, clubs, churches, societies, and organizations generally.

Malden Rock.—Oscar Hansen, South Glenshaw, has right hand cut off while sawing wood on a power saw. He was on the last stick of the job when the accident happened, and pushed it against the saw in such a manner that it turned, letting the hand against the saw.

Shelbytown.—Burglars entered the Log Cabin saloon through an alley window and took \$3.50 from the cash register. Beer, wine and spirits surrounded the intruders, but they touched nary a drop.

Beloit.—A city plan commission will be appointed here, following action of the common council. The commission will be charged with recommending steps to be taken for a greater Beloit. Seven men will act as an advisory committee to the common council.

Oshkosh.—In taking action to re-engage present teachers in the Oshkosh public schools for next year, the board of education took into account the high cost of living and provided substantial increases in salaries all along the line. In the list are 146 of the present instructors, 6 new ones, and 2 "specials." There are about 20 teachers still to be secured. The new salary list shows the following interesting figures: Total amount of increase in all the schools, \$18,125; average amount of increase in all schools, \$125; average increase in salaries of all the teachers, 15 per cent.

Prarie du Chien.—Efforts of commercial fishermen and sportsmen to get a fishway through the Keokuk dam on the Mississippi river appear near realization. The government, it is reported, has approved plans for a sluiceway in the dam and work is expected to start June 1. Recently a shortage of fish above the dam has been reported and fishermen declared this was caused by the absence of a fishway in the dam, the presence of which would have permitted the fish which were carried over the dam to return. Fish below the dam are reported plentiful.

Watertown.—Statewide interest is centering on the plans of the Trinity English Lutheran society here to dedicate the new church edifice May 11. The Rev. F. E. Stern is pastor. The society was organized in 1916 with thirteen members and now numbers 135. A residence formerly owned by the late Luther Cole occupying a whole block has been remodeled and will be occupied by the society. Several out of town pastors will attend the dedicatory exercises. Dr. F. F. Schlueter is president of the society.

Madison.—Wet weather and a cold seed bed are likely to result in a high percentage of barley stripe this season unless the seed grain is treated for stripe, according to plant pathologists of the Wisconsin college of agriculture. Sowing the grain for two hours in formalin solution is described in Circular 57, Eight Grain Smuts and Blights, which is sent free by the Wisconsin experiment station.

Grand Rapids.—A 10 per cent raise in salaries has been granted public school teachers for the coming year. Grade teachers will be paid from \$70 to \$90 per month next year and high school teachers will draw from \$85 per month to \$1,500 per year. Grade school salaries formerly ranged from \$60 to \$80 and the high school salaries from \$75 per month to \$1,400 a year.

Beloit.—Beloit college is making arrangements for the greatest reunion of alumni and former students in its history, at commencement time in June. An entire week has been set aside for Victory commencement festivities. Hundreds of grads are expected to return. All college men who served during the war, the army or navy will be honored guests.

Fond du Lac.—Miss Alvin J. Moonsey, graduate of Ripon college and member of the faculty of that institution, was elected dean of Grafton Hall, the Episcopal school for young ladies in this city. Miss Moonsey will assume her new duties at the end of the present school year, on Bishop Weller's return from Europe.

Oshkosh.—Prices for the extra "refinements" in the barber shops here will cost more now. Advanced prices for shampoos, massage, toilet water and hair tonic have been set at a mark-up by the journeymen barbers to the bosses. The journeymen will be given Thursday nights each week.

Beloit.—After enjoying wartime wages, more than twenty Greeks and Italians of this city have within the last few days left for their former homes. They have amassed enough money to live comfortably for the rest of their lives back home, they say, and are ready to retire.

Ashtand.—A petition recently published here with a large number of signers asking the repeal of the espionage act, has been supplemented with counter-petitions signed by many who assert that they did not read the petition and were misinformed as to its contents.

Marquette.—The steamer La Viollette, owned by Charles Larson, this city, which sank in eighteen feet of water off Green Bay harbor, has been raised and is being towed to Milwaukee. Her cargo of \$6,000 worth of groceries was washed away.

La Crosse.—George Dayton, 12, with two chums started for Texas in a boat provisioned with a loaf of bread and a pound of butter. They were found crying in a swamp two miles from home after dark.

Wausau.—A pea canning factory will be established at Knowlton in Marathon county. The capital stock is \$40,000. The articles of incorporation will be filed in a few days.

La Crosse.—Mystery surrounded the disappearance of leaf tobacco from a garage owned by the late John J. Martin K. Syverson and George Tolander, La Crosse, former residents of Westby, were arrested. It is alleged they were repacking tobacco. For months, it is claimed, tobacco has been disappearing from warehouses in Vernon county and billed as household goods has been shipped to La Crosse via Viroqua and Sparta, repacked and sold to the same company.

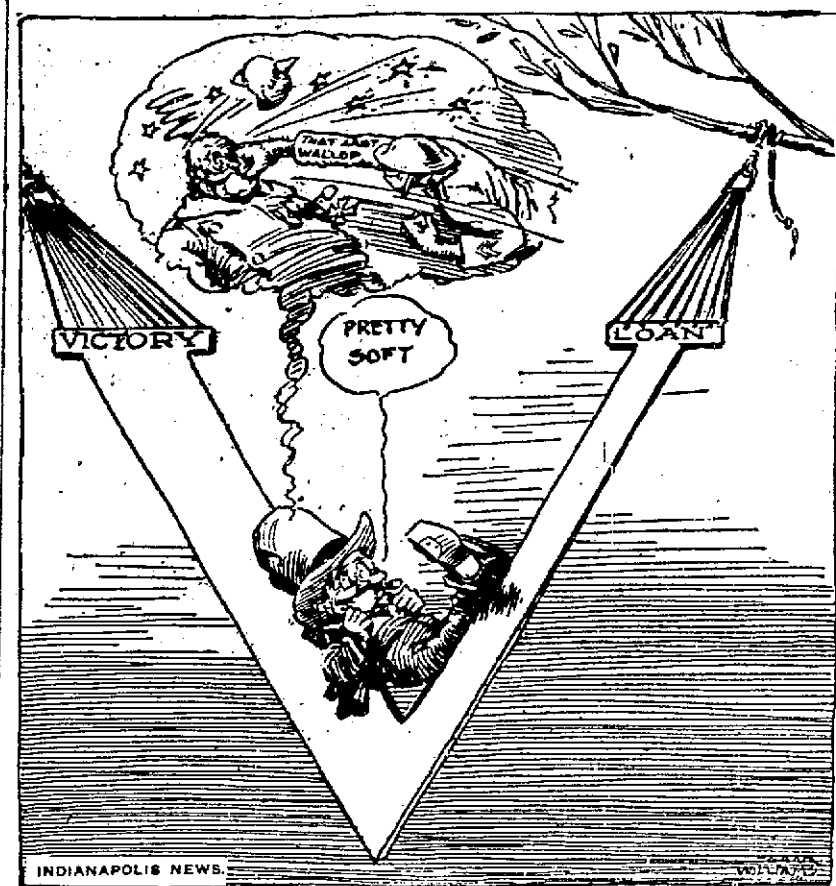
Sparta.—Camp Robinson, explosive ordnance depot near here, will be permanently retained by the government. The camp site was originally purchased by the army for an artillery range, but no practice has been held there since departure of the artillery brigade. The Eighty-seventh Black Hawk division about a year ago. At present the camp's personnel consists of more than ten officers and 250 men, a majority of the latter negroes, members of the quartermaster's department. Orders for dismissal of the soldier guard have been received.

Beloit.—A city plan commission will be appointed here, following action of the common council. The commission will be charged with recommending steps to be taken for a greater Beloit. Seven men will act as an advisory committee to the common council.

Tomah.—A class of fifty-seven will be awarded diplomas at the graduation school May 27. This is believed to be a record for any Wisconsin city of this size. The class will present "All Stars of a Sudden Peggy" and there will be a week of festivities.

Beloit.—A city plan commission will be appointed here, following action of the common council. The commission will be charged with recommending steps to be taken for a greater Beloit. Seven men will act as an advisory committee to the common council.

# GETTING 4 3-4 PER CENT INTEREST JUST FOR HELPING



## REDS PUT TO FLIGHT RAINBOWS REACH U. S.

HUNGARIAN COMMUNIST ARMY SURRENDERS TO ROMANIANS. French Troops Aid Czech-Slovaks in Capture of Komorn on the Danube.

Berne, April 26.—Part of the Hungarian communist army, facing the Romanians southeast of Budapest has surrendered and the rest is in flight, according to a Rumanian official statement received here.

West of Budapest the Czech-Slovaks have occupied Komorn, on the Danube, and Raab (Gyor).

French troops are said to be aiding the Rumanians in their advance in eastern Hungary, according to advice received here from Vienna.

The Rumanian bureau has issued a statement saying that after the visit of General Franchet d'Esperey to Budapest recently, Rumanian troops were ordered to again take the offensive against Hungary, which had been suspended during the stay of Gen. Christian Jan Smuts at Budapest.

It is said the order provoked great enthusiasm, and that a number of Saxon officers and troops from Transylvania joined the Rumanian army, which in a rapid march beyond the old line of demarcation occupied Grosswardein, capital of the province of Bihar. Hungarian Red guards fled from the city in disorder and large quantities of booty were captured by Rumanians.

Geneva, Switzerland, April 28.—Czech-Slovaks have attacked the city of Wlatzen, 20 miles northeast of Budapest, which is expected to fall soon. French troops are said to be aiding the Rumanians in their advance in eastern Hungary, according to advice received here from Vienna.

Samuel Gompers is injured. Head of A. F. L. Hurt When Auto in Which He Was Riding Was Hit by Car in New York.

New York, April 28.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, was seriously injured when a surfboard of the Broadway line struck his taxicab at Forty-first street and Broadway.

The cab was demolished and Mr. Gompers suffered two broken ribs, a sprained hip and contusions of the body. He was unconscious when extricated from the wreckage and was carried into the Hotel Continental.

An ambulance was called and after Dr. Samuel Bolensky dressed the injuries Mr. Gompers remained at the hotel.

TROOPS IN GIRLS' STRIKE. Soldiers Called Out When Indiana Miners Attack Substitute Telephone Operators.

Terre Haute, Ind., April 29.—Two companies of the Indiana state militia were ordered rushed to Ellettsburg tonight to quell a riot which resulted from the strike of the telephone operators there.

The state authorities ordered this action to be taken after several hours of rioting in the mining town of 8,000 persons in the southwestern section of the state, during which a mob of more than 500 persons stormed the telephone exchange and drove out eight girls who were acting as strike breakers.

Shoot in Lawrence Strike. Lawrence, Mass., April 30.—Shots were exchanged between the police and strike sympathizers during disturbances in connection with the strike of textile operatives. Three policemen were struck with stones.

U. S. Hospital Staffs Back. New York, April 30.—On the teamship Freedom, arriving from St. Nazaire, 1,712 troops returned, the majority of them members of the 19th, 20th, 25th, 30th, 32d, 38th, 48th and 70th base hospitals.

Famous Belgian Coming. New York, April 29.—Col. A. Depage, a famous Belgian Red Cross surgeon and head of the Belgian Red Cross, is on his way to this country on the steamer Neww Amsterdam, according to a cable message.

# LEAGUE ADOPTED BY PEACE BODY ITALY MOVES TO ANNEX FIUME

Revised Covenant of League of Nations Approved by Envoys in Paris. London Has Report That Rome Intends to Defy the Allies.

Wilson Explains Changes MAY SEIZE ALL DALMATIA

Japan Change on Race Issue Is Withdrawn—French Also Withdraw Amendments and All Envoys O. K. the Covenant.

Paris, April 30.—The revised covenant of the league of nations was adopted by the plenary session of the peace conference without division and without amendment. The covenant had been moved by President Wilson.

The president said it was not necessary to emphasize the significance of the revised covenant and its hopes on the part of a conference of the free nations of the world to maintain justice in their international relations and peace between the nations.

The Japanese and French amendments were withdrawn and it is understood they have been left for decision by the league of nations itself.

The text of the labor principles for insertion in the treaty was adopted, and the conference adjourned without considering responsibilities.

President Wilson, in his speech explaining the revised covenant of the league of nations, said that Sir Eric Drummond of Great Britain had been named as the first secretary general of the league.

Sir Eric Drummond has been private secretary to A. J. Balfour, the British foreign secretary, since December, 1916. Previously he had served Sir Edward (now Viscount) Gray in the same capacity, while Sir Edward was first secretary. From March, 1912, to June, 1915, he was private secretary to Herbert H. Asquith, then the British premier.

Regarding the composition of the executive council, the president said that Belgium, Brazil, Greece and Spain would be represented on the council in addition to the five great powers until a permanent choice had been made.

Presentation of the amended league of nations covenant by President Wilson marked the opening of the session. The president then explained the various alterations.

The president moved that the powers name representatives to form a committee of nine to prepare plans to organize the league and establish the seat of the league.

Baron Makino of the Japanese delegation spoke after President Wilson and said he regretted that the president's speech had not been translated. He then moved the Japanese amendment on racial equality.

He said it was a race question, with the possibility of becoming acute. The equality of nations, he asserted, should be a fundamental principle of the league.

The Japanese statesman added that he felt his duty to state the poignant regret of the Japanese delegation over the failure of the league of nations committee to do justice to the Japanese demand which was based on a deep-rooted national conviction.

Japan, he added, was obliged to revert to her original position on this question.

Leon Bourgeois, former premier, spoke for France. He said that the French amendment to the league, including demand for a national army and police force and the limitation and verification of armaments of all nations, had not been adopted.

France, however, would sign the pact, M. Bourgeois said.

MEXICO AND FRANCE AT ODDS. Refusal to Receive Minister Seen as Protest Against President Carranza's Methods.

Washington, April 28.—Diplomatic circles here believe the refusal of France to receive Alberto J. Paul, as minister from Mexico, was caused by protests by French bankers against seizure of the French banks in Mexico by the Carranza government. Carranza, it is said, has known for some time the feeling of the French government and was much chagrined when Mexico was not invited to the conference of neutral nations in connection with the peace conference.

It also has been intimated to Mexico that she would not be given a place in the league of nations until she had modified her policy in dealing with aliens and foreign investors. When it became known in Mexico that she was to be barred from the league there was an instant uproar. This began about the middle of March and has continued to the present.

Reds Will Free U. S. Consul. Washington, April 30.—Unconfirmed reports have reached the state department that the bolsheviks were preparing to release Roger C. Treadwell, American consul, who was arrested at Tashkent.

\$20,000 Robbery in New York. New York, April 30.—Two armed robbers held up the brokerage office of Charles Fishbein, dealer in Russian exchange, and escaped with about \$13,000 in cash and \$7,000 in Liberty bonds.

Mexico Holds U. S. Schooner. Galveston, Tex., April 29.—The fishing schooner Cape Horn of the Gulf Fisheries (Inc.) fleet has been captured by a Mexican gunboat and is being held, her crew being charged with smuggling arms to the Mexican rebels.

Many Yanks on Atlantic. New York, April 29.—The high tide of homebound troop movements will be reached this week, according to an announcement made here. In that time 50 transports and liners are expected to arrive with 94,440 soldiers.

Italian Army in Fiume. Paris, April 28.—An American officer who left Fiume three days ago, and who has just arrived in Paris, says it was reported there that a total of fourteen divisions had been moved to Fiume by the Italians.

Kansas City Bank Is Robbed. Kansas City, Mo., April 28.—The Intercity bank, on the state line between Kansas City, Mo., and Kansas City, Kan., was robbed by four men who escaped in a motorcar with an amount estimated at \$11,000.

Bandits Rob Chicago Bank. Chicago, April 28.—Four armed men, masked and holding up the Chicago Commercial and Savings bank, 2323 West Twelfth street, they escaped in an automobile in which a fifth was sitting, with \$2,000 in cash.

Maniac Kills Two; Wounds Two. St. Louis, Mo., April 28.—Manning A. C. Cobb, a farmer, eighty-five, killed two persons, one of whom was his son, shot his wife and daughter-in-law and then committed suicide at his home at Garland.

Labor Surplus Lowered. Washington, April 28.—Employment conditions throughout the United States are steadily improving, reports received from 8,417 representative concerns in 58







East Side





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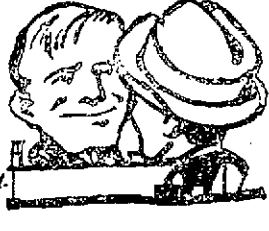
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Men are sure getting wise to tobacco quality, says the tobaccoist



"Any kind of plug used to be good enough for most of them. Nowadays nearly everybody is beginning to learn about the real tobacco satisfaction of genuine Gravelly Plug."

Peyton Brand REAL CHEWING PLUG  
Plug packed in pouch

UNDER STATE SUPERVISION

Keep on Saving

Save for yourself as you learned to save for Uncle Sam.

Put the same zest and determination into building your savings account that you did in making your Liberty Loan payments.

That is all you need to make your bank account will run past the first \$50 and into the hundreds.

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Bank of Grand Rapids  
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Storage Battery Charging  
PRICE REDUCED

After May first, the length of time it takes

Six cell 6 volt Battery charging \$1.00  
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FORMER GRAND RAPIDS MAN  
WRITES FROM MISSISSIPPI

The following letter, from Frank Patterson, formerly of this city who is now located in Mississippi gives an interesting account of things down there:

Patt. Miss., April 20, 1919  
Grand Rapids  
Your paper is of great interest to me when I can get news from home. There has been quite a number of cotton bolls here and when I first read your paper I told them not to destroy it until we had all read it. Leaving Grand Rapids the last of November, and passing through Illinois, I saw corn fields for miles and miles and the land was low and level. I wished for a sight of the old Wisconsin river. There is a lot of land being worth \$200 per acre, but I noticed there were a lot of Illinois farmers that go to Wisconsin to buy farms. All through the state the farms were small and I have seen more than I saw in Illinois. So I think that little old Wisconsin will hold its own with any other state. It is getting dark and we are about to cross into Tennessee. The truckman puts up the sign white passengers and colored and then he divides his flock but there are a great many more black than white sheep. In the morning I saw the ground all white and though at first it was snow, I thought of the old saying in the balm days of the south in the days when cotton was king. If cotton was king it surely is a kingdom now for miles and miles nothing but cotton, even in the timber section. They put some kind of an acid on the trees and in a short time they die and fall over. The road do not go deep in the ground. On the 2nd day of December I landed in Greenville. I hung my overcoat up and it has been there ever since. The town is a very interesting place, nice streets and fine homes. Cotton blossoms in bloom are brought here from small places and on the river and compressed and then exported. They are planted in cotton now and in the summer it has to be hoed out leaving a stalk about a foot apart. In the fall they have a machine that cuts the stalks up so they can be plowed under. I have read articles about this country, and about the slanting, yes they are here and all along the railroad that were built here. But now they are putting up good shanties on all the plantations. You can't judge a country through the plantations, the cotton bolls and the planters and the colored people and see the timber worth thousands of dollars and go through the deep mud and I have gone through the mud and not until then will you realize the wealth and resources in this land of the over-flow. And one must not go south to find fools for a planter may be dressed in his skin and a college student in 1919.

Yours truly,  
Frank Patterson.

THE ARMY MULE

If you have studied the habits of these animals, you will know they have more power in their hind legs than a stick of dynamite. It is said the Missouri mule won the day for the British in the Boer war and in the war with Germany. Then again sent over in ship loads. They were how ex-governor Peek and his son, Samantha in the civil war helped make the cause of the North a success. And still further back in history when the world was yet in short pants and knew nothing at all about the mule. The mule has been a factor in the history of the world. One time a young man from the states went out west to grow up with the country. A year or so after he had landed there, his parents received news that he was dead. They immediately answered the message and requested that the remains be sent home. The answer came back "There are no remains. He was killed by a mule." Like many other, we take exceptions to the careless manner in which a mule uses his hind feet and should be used with one, will be at the end where they think and not where they execute. We once read of a Kentucky mule that kicked so hard, it kicked off its shoe. To days later the shoe came down in North Dakota and killed a pig. They can kick higher and stronger with less effort than a ballet dancer. Another strong point about a mule in his eyes. If his sense of hearing were measured by the length of his ears, what a help to him he would have listening across a rural telephone line. —Marshfield Herald.

WHAT A CENT WILL DO

Some high-brow scientist has estimated that the penny slot machines which take in money after the gun has played out bring a revenue of forty-three hundredths of five dollar bills every year to the careless owners.

When Jawn D. in the good old days tucked on one penny to the price of kerosene he had to pick another bank to handle the proceeds.

A butcher who had a pine counter in a corner store in St. Louis sixteen years ago started shortchanging his customers out of one penny on each purchase, claiming he was short of cents. It was all in the way you spell it. He now owns a chain of shortchanging stores on every corner of that sad town.

And his system has been adopted with uniform success by the second generation of white-aproned cut-throats, who admit it is wrong to store after dark.

Out in Colorado before they began to use pennies in making change everybody had money. Then some one brought in a sack of pennies and the poor houses began to fill up.

They had to put an Indian's head on the penny. He was the only bird they couldn't get it away from. He was too light a sleeper and too fast a runner.

Moral—Don't let the other fellow save your pennies. A thrift stamp a day will make the poorhouse advertisement for business.

As we understand it, the Cook-Indians' union is very much opposed to the army and navy. They can't see why anyone should be a cook in a place where you can't quit when you feel like it.

WANTED

We pay the highest spot cash for all kinds of second hand furniture, stoves, ranges and farm implements or will exchange city property for farms or farm for city property. Telephone 893 or call at 215 Vine street.

THE EXCHANGE & REALTY,  
M. A. Bogger.

GLAD TO PAY  
COST OF PEACE

Millions of Lives Saved by Vast  
Military Preparation of Our  
Government.

FOE KNEW AND QUIT COLD

These Life-Saving Bills Must Be Paid  
and the Boys Brought Back  
to the Country They  
Love.

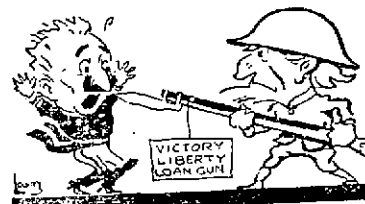
"The price of peace," of which the Victory loan is but a part, is large, but not nearly so large as it would have been if the war had been fought to the annihilation of the German armament. Our military leaders believed would be necessary. Had the war lasted as long as these leaders anticipated, hundreds of thousands of American youths and millions more of their allies would have been called upon to pay the supreme sacrifice.

There they were not forced to give their lives in no small measure due to our government's preparation to crush the enemy completely. The industry as well as the man power of the nation was called into the government service, and a great war machine was created which the German general staff saw meant complete annihilation for their forces if they fought on, so they quit.

There were in France when the armistice was signed, 2,002,475 officers and men wearing the United States uniform. In the states there were more than 1,500,000 more in training. This awaiting shipment overseas. This army had 1,500,000 rifles and 420,000, 000 rounds of ammunition in France when the armistice was signed. There were 221,000,000 additional rounds on boats en route to France at this time. These figures do not deal in anything but infantry equipment.

Smokeless powder was being delivered at the rate of 4,800,000 pounds a week and high explosives at the rate of 6,000,000 pounds. We had on hand when the war closed, 410 tons of mustard gas, enough to load 410,000 shells; 654 tons of phosgene, 511 tons of chlorine, 600 tons of white phosphorus for incendiary bombs, and 153 tons of tannic tetrachloride. We had tons of titanium tetrachloride, the German gas used to smother the government. One of the defensive side the government had developed the best gas mask known, and had produced 5,087,000 of them.

We had built 2,010 ten-ton caterpillar tractors and 1,586 15-ton machines for hauling great guns. These were 15,000 more of these under construction when the war ended. They had



demonstrated their ability to drag the heaviest mortars, howitzers and rifles over any terrain, no matter how badly cut up or how wet.

Ten thousand Ford "baby" tanks equipped with two Ford engines, would have been on the front line by the time the Victory Liberty loan is to be floated. They would have been supported by thousands of the French "whippet" type tanks and the big 35-ton American tanks driven by Liberty motors.

We had in France and in use at the army at home, 57,607 trucks of two three and five tons capacity, 11,477 ambulances, 18,375 motorcars and 23,421 motorcycles.

Our merchant marine was growing at the rate of 400,000 tons dead weight per month when the war ended, and we were turning out about 10,000 airplane engines a week, with planes to carry them.

German spies found this out. German spies knew that the T-bat had failed because of the barrage of mines that the British and American navies had strung across the North sea. German spies sent word to the general staff that in spite of their best efforts they were out-generaled. So the German staff learned that the Americans had thrown their unlimited resources into the scales with the allies, and the German staff turned "yellow" and quit.

That mighty preparation of which the above is but a fragmentary tale, is the reason why the Victory Liberty loan is the last of the war loans. Had the war gone on there would have been a fifth, a sixth, a seventh, an eighth loan—loans until the German hordes had been crushed and sent back into the heart of the fatherland. The need for these was eliminated by the mailed fist of our great preparation, which supplemented the gigantic efforts put forth by our allies.

"Let us, then," as the secretary of the treasury has said, "with thanksgiving to God that we were spared any greater price, meet the honorable commitments of our government contracted in behalf of the freedom of the world."

—HELP "FINISH THE JOB."

For permanent peace and prosperity—support the Victory Liberty loan.

Buy Victory Liberty loan securities to rebuild the world.

April 24 May 8

Notice for Administration and Notice to Creditors

State of Wisconsin, County Court

Wood County—In Probate.

In Re Estate of Emil Mask, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, that at the special term of said court to be held on the 2nd Tuesday (being the 20th day) of May, A. D. 1919, at the court house in the city of Grand Rapids, in the county of Wood and state of Wisconsin, there will be heard and considered the application of Emil Mask for the appointment of an administrator of the estate of Emil Mask, late of town of Hansen, in said county, deceased.

Notice is hereby further given, that at the general term of said court to be held at said court house, on the 1st Tuesday, (being the 2nd day) of September, A. D. 1919, there will be heard, considered and adjusted, all claims against said Emil Mask, deceased.

And notice is hereby further given, that all such claims for examination and allowance must be presented to said County Court at the Court House in the city of Grand Rapids, in said county and state, on or before the 1st day of September, A. D. 1919, or be barred.

Dated April 22, 1919.

By the court.

Chas. E. Briere, W. J. Conway,

Attorney County Judge.

LEWIS THREW UP STATE MAN  
BUT ZBYZKO WON THE TITLE

The Rhinelander New North has the following to say regarding the match between Strangler Ed. Lewis and Elmer Sanders of their town, and of Lewis' later match with Zbyzko, for what was practically the world's title. After his opponent had won the last match Lewis stated that it was thru his own carelessness and has offered attractive terms to Zbyzko to meet him in a finish match. The Chicago papers all gave Lewis credit for putting up the best showing of the two wrestlers. The Rhinelander account follows:

Before the largest crowd to ever attend a wrestling exhibition in this city Ed. (Strangler) Lewis, famous mat artist, defeated Elmer Sanders, champion of northern Wisconsin, in the Armory Saturday night. Lewis took the first fall in 9 minutes and the second fall in 9 minutes Billy Perkins was referee.

Despite the fact that Lewis is one of the best wrestlers in the world, Sanders did not prove an easy victim. He gave the big fellow quite a sweating out and after the match Strangler said to the crowd, "Gentlemen, I must admit that Sanders is one of the very best little men I ever met and he is also a gentleman." Sanders is a game little wrestler and it is hoped that some day he may be seen here against a man of his weight.

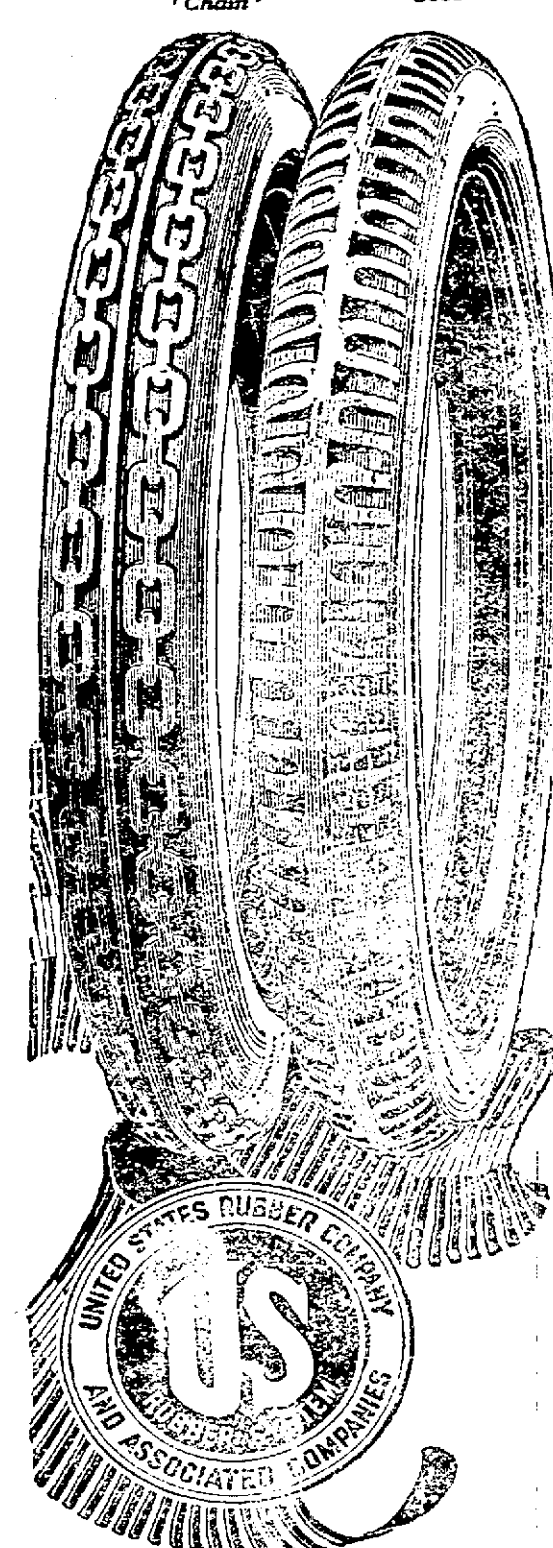
Wladek Zbyzko, the Pole defeated Lewis for the second time in two minutes in a finish wrestling match in Chicago Monday night. Zbyzko pinned Lewis down after two hours 14 minutes and 9 seconds with a side roll and body scissors.

Strangler was at one time Strangler's home. That was over nine years ago, long before he was pinned down in the grappling game. He was known here as Robert Fredericks, which is his real name. This was his first visit here since entering the spot light. He has many former friends as possible and to all he was the same good natured old Bob. He wears a golden snail and the fact that he has not had a fancy as fortune has not had a tendency to increase the size of his hand.

WAUTOMA MAN INJURED

Wautoma Argus—Last Saturday forenoon, Tom Wiler met with an accident at Oliphant's saw mill, that was remarkably lucky, considering the seriousness of the circumstances. A small buzz saw used to saw slabs had been run by canvas belt connecting it to the drive wheel. As he was slipping resulting in a loss of speed a new rubber belt had been purchased and had been put in use Saturday morning. As the pulley on the buzz saw was run at a high speed and this was much increased after the change was made, Mr. Wiler remarked that he thought the speed would be too great, but they began work. In a few minutes, he heard something begin to whistle and he turned just as the big balance wheel of the saw began to fly to pieces. One piece struck his right arm cutting away the flesh below the elbow on his little finger. Fortunately none of the bones were broken. The pieces were flying with terrific speed and it was a clean cut taking out a chunk of the sleeve of his shirt and fling away the flesh to the bone. Dr. Cox dressed the wound and Mr. Wiler will probably get along all right but it will be several weeks before he will be able to use his arm.

FOR SALE—Seed corn grown in Wood county. Golden Glow and Smut Nose Flint. \$5.00 per bushel. Also two pure bred Guernsey bulls and eight high grade Guernsey heifers. W. W. Clark, Vesper, Wis.



A Good Tire Year

You have doubtless noticed the growing preponderance of United States Tires

Every one is asking for tires of known value and proved dependability.

And that is precisely what United States Tires represent in the minds of motorists here and everywhere.

The idea back of United States Tires—to build good tires—the best tires that can be built, is appealing to rapidly growing numbers.

We can provide you with United States Tires to meet—and meet exactly—your individual needs.

United States Tires  
are Good Tires

We know United States Tires are GOOD Tires. That's why we sell them.  
EUGENE MILLER, Grand Rapids. FORD GARAGE, Bernhagen Bros., Junction

TAILORED AT FASHION PARK



L I N E S

THAT YOUR SHOULDERS AND ARMS MIGHT HAVE FREE PLAY WITHOUT DESTROYING THE LINES AND GRACE OF YOUR JACKET, FASHION PARK ORIGINATED THE BELL-BELL SLEEVE EFFECT. IT IS COMFORTABLE, AND HAS A DISTINGUISHED STYLE ATMOSPHERE. THE STRAIGHT-UP ENGLISH SHOULDER IN FRONT BLENDS INTO A RAGLAN EFFECT IN THE BACK. THE RESULT IS NOT ONLY REMARKABLE BUT ENTIRELY PRACTICAL.

READY-TO-PUT-ON

CUSTOM SERVICE WITHOUT THE ANNOYANCE OF A TRY-ON

FRIDSTEIN  
INCORPORATED  
GRAND RAPIDS, WIS.  
MEN'S-BOYS GOOD CLOTHES  
"Your Money's Worth or Your Money Back"



# STEINBERGS

LADIES READY TO WEAR & MILLINERY

## MAY SPECIALS!

May 10th to May 17th



### Suits! Suits!

Extraordinary collection of high quality suits, featuring all the new-est modes.

These garments are made in Serges, Pointe Twill, Tricotines, Gabardines and Checks. Reduction on all suits.

Prices \$22.50 to \$50.00

### Coats and Dolmans

New Coats and Dolmans arriving daily—just the garment you want.

Price \$9.95 to \$52.50

### Children's Dresses

95c to \$5.00

### Millinery Clearance

All colored and black hats at a discount of 15 per cent.

If you want one of these hats at a low price—Come early.

|   |        |
|---|--------|
| 10 per cent discount on all Ladies silk and wool Dress Skirts during this sale. |        |
| Beautiful Georgette Blouse regular \$7 and \$8 values now                       | \$4.95 |
| 25c Flowered Lawns, closing out price   | 10c    |
| 50c Poplins, closing out price  | 25c    |
| We have a few Sweaters that we will sacrifice at a great reduction.             |        |
| Children's 95c Sweaters at  | 50c    |
| Men's Caps, closing out price   | 35c    |
| Embroideries and Laces, regular prices up to 10c, at                            | 3c     |
| 25c Cotton Batten at  | 15c    |
| 15c Cotton Batten at  | 8c     |

### LOCAL ITEMS

Edward Galles has bought a new Dodge touring car.

A full line of the latest calling cards at this office.

Fred Ott of this city bought a Dodge roadster Monday.

Don Cooney of Chicago spent the week-end with his mother in this city.

Four days of entertainment by the Winninger Players, Daly's Theatre, May 15th to May 19th.

Louis Alberts of the town of Rudolph has purchased a new Dodge touring car.

Mrs. August Anderson, who resides on Route 7, was a pleasant caller at the Tribune office Friday.

The Ragan Auto Sales Co. sold a Nash touring car to E. H. Goss at Stevens Point during the past week.

Dr. W. M. Ruckliff leaves on Saturday for Illinois where he will spend a couple of weeks visiting with friends and relatives.

John LaBlot of Brancorri was over the latter part of the week and purchased a new Nash touring car from the Ragan agency.

Harry Blackburn who has charge of some construction work near Milwaukee arrived home on Monday for a visit with his family.

Mrs. Ina Johnson who has been spending the past winter in California with a Stevens Point family arrived home the past week.

Louis Eberhardt of the town of Grand Rapids was at the pleasant callers at the Tribune office on Saturday while in the city on business.

Wautoma Argus—Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Seais and daughter, Mayne, of Grand Rapids spent the latter part of last week and the first of this visiting relatives in Wautoma.

William Pechorri, who has been working at Merrill, spent several days the past week with his mother here. William has been in position of chief of the railroad at St. Paul.

Burr Jones and family expect to move to Madison the first of June to reside. Mr. and Mrs. Fred Ragan have rented the Lyons flat occupied by them.

The Winninger Players at Daly's Theatre four days, beginning May 15th.

Walter Fors, who returned the past week from France where he spent eleven months with the 48th Telegraph Battalion of the Second Army is spending some time in the city visiting his brother, Carl Nord.

Mr. and Mrs. F. MacKinnon received word from their son, Reginald Monday stating that he would arrive in New York Tuesday with the 77th Division. He expects to be home within a short time.

John Corner of the town of Rudolph was a pleasant caller at the Tribune office Saturday. Mr. Corner states that the late spring has held up planting and the farmers up their way are anxious to get some of their crops planted.

Mrs. C. E. Jackson, who has been spending several weeks with her parents at Elton, Mass., returned home Monday. She was accompanied home by her mother, Mrs. I. S. Read, and her sister, Miss Jane Read, who will spend some time here.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Nason returned Saturday from Stevens Point, where Mrs. Nason had been spending several days at the Dr. Bird home. Mr. Nason and Dr. Bird had been fishing near Rosholt. They report a fair catch in spite of the bad weather.

Just received, new lot of ladies' oxfords, special for Friday and Saturday at I. Zimmerman's.

George Ebert, who is now a resident of New London where he has charge of a meat market, was in the city on Monday calling on friends and looking up some matters connected with his mother's estate. This office acknowledges a pleasant call.

J. C. Kieffer of Auburndale, who is in the city attending the County Board meeting, was among the pleasant callers at the Tribune office on Wednesday. Mr. Kieffer reports the day roads up his way are in pretty bad shape at the present time owing to the excess of rain this spring.

Mrs. Jennie Taylor and daughter, Miss Jane, came up from Chicago the latter part of the week and will spend some time here with friends and relatives. Jane has been attending school in Chicago and has recently completed a business course at one of the Chicago schools.

Prof. E. G. Doudna and Wm. Crossland were down at Milwaukee Thursday, Friday and Saturday of last week attending a vocational education meeting of the state representatives. Pending legislation which will include vocational education was discussed as was the federal plan of meeting vocational expenses.

Don't miss the Winninger Players at Daly's four days, beginning May 15th.

T. C. Hubbard of this city is named as one of the donors for new uniforms for the Merrill band. The band up there needed some money for new uniforms and up to the first of the week had received about \$600 from the people there for this need. No solicitations are made but a list is published in the Merrill Herald of all who send in donations, and on down to \$1.

Dunder twine cost the farmer 150 per cent more in 1918 than in 1914; barbed wire, 99 per cent; barrels for apples, 104 per cent; half-bushel baskets, 45 per cent; buggies, 57 per cent; double wagons, 71 per cent; harness, 66 per cent; horse blankets, 96 per cent; Paris green, 123 per cent; grain sacks, 182 per cent; nails, 87 per cent; wire fence, 92 per cent. These are averages for the United States.

Daly's Theatre every Saturday and Sunday pictures, 5 and 10c.

Bernard Steve Schwabke, who was invalided to the Great Lakes, Ill. hospital after being wounded while with the Marines in France, spent several days the past week at the G. M. Hill home in this city. Steve has not been discharged but expects to get out of the service in about a month. Although being pretty badly shot up during the war Steve is getting in pretty good shape again. He returned to Great Lakes this (Thursday) morning.

O. R. Garrison, Sam Church, C. F. Bandelin, Geo. R. Houston, E. J. Clark and C. F. Kellogg returned Sunday from the northern part of the state where they went Wednesday on a fishing trip. The men report a good catch with several good sized trout included. They drove up in the the roads were good going up the rains put them in bad shape for the return trip.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. McDonald received word from their son, Eldred, that the recommendation for his discharge from the U. S. Marine Corps had arrived at Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, where he is stationed.

Eldred enlisted in the Marine Corps in June, 1917, and has spent a good share of his time at Philadelphia, later going to Guantanamo Bay, where he has been stationed since last fall.

### LOCAL ITEMS

Wm. Binnebose visited friends in Marshfield over Sunday.

Rev. Reinke was on the sick list the early part of the week.

Miss Gertrude Reiland is spending today (Thursday) in Wausau.

Louis O'Call, of Racine, spent several days the past week in this city with his family.

Miss Lydia Piske, of Merrill, visited friends in the city several days the past week.

F. F. Menzel, division engineer, is spending several days this week in Wautoma on business.

Wm. Schill went down to Milwaukee the first of the week to drive home a Buick touring car.

They are coming back. The Winninger Players, Daly's Theatre. Four days starting May 15th.

Mrs. and Mrs. Hugh Dean of Thief River Falls, Minn., moved to this city the past week to reside.

Wm. Jennings Bryan will speak at the Alder Opera house in Marshfield on Tuesday, May 13th at 2 p. m.

Corporal Hans Vollett, who is stationed in a camp in Mississippi, is spending a short furlough with relatives here.

Mrs. Edward DeNevers, of Woonsocket, R. I., arrived in the city Saturday and is visiting at the Mrs. John Arpin, Sr., home.

The officers and directors of the First National Bank entertained Major Frank X. Pomalville at a dinner at the Witter Hotel Monday evening.

Mrs. John Lake and daughter, Emma, of Kewanee, who have been visiting at the Ed. Bodette, Jr., home the past two weeks returned to their home on Wednesday.

According to the Neillsville Times the farmers of Clark county have ordered more than fifty-one carloads of crushed limestone for use on their fields this spring.

R. B. Southard, state dairy and food inspector, who has been located in Marshfield or several years, but who has been active in the district of crushed limestone for use on their fields this spring.

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—Winninger Players opening play at Daly's Theatre May 15th will be "Birds of Prey."

Harold Hansen, who spent the past week with friends in this city, left Tuesday for his home at Lake Mills, where he will visit for a few days with his parents before returning to business.

Capt. and Mrs. C. C. Rowley returned from Newport News, Va., the first of the week, the doctor having been discharged from the service. They expect to visit at the Mrs. F. Daly home here for a few days, after which they will locate in Chicago, where Dr. Rowley has accepted a position as assistant criminologist for the city of Chicago.

### WANT COLUMN

Advertisements in the want columns cost 10 cents per line. Count 6 words to the line and send the money with the order when possible as it saves bookkeeping.

WANTED—At once, cook at Commercial Hotel. 1t

FOR SALE—30 acre farm, three miles directly east of Rudolph Station; all fenced in with cedar posts and three wires. House on same; some cleared. Will sell on easy terms, if taken at once. For particulars inquire of J. L. Reinhardt, agent of Johnson & Hill Co., Credit Office. 3t

FOR SALE CHEAP—Good span of mares for farm work, one sorrel and bay with colt by her side. Inquire N. G. Ratelle, Rudolph, Wis., Tel. 2E2. 2t

WANTED—A stenographer for law office. W. J. Conway. 3t

FOR SALE—South half N. E. 1/4 Section 24, 20, 5. This is a snap. Inquire of Mosinee Land Log & Timber Co., Mosinee, Wis. 4t

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A fine lot facing Lyon Park, 88 feet east front, beautiful shade trees will sell for less than the lot cost me. F. H. Jackson, Tel. 522. 2t

CORN FOR SALE—Golden Glow Seed corn, Wood county grown. Exceptionally fine, only \$4 per bushel. Chas. L. Larsen, R. D. 8, Grand Rapids, Wis. 4t

FOR EXCHANGE—15 H. P. or 2E H. P. gasoline engine to trade for work team, weighing not less than 2500 pounds. Road Construction Company. 1t

FOR SALE—One 5 h. p. gasoline pump in perfect condition. F. MacKinnon. 3t

FOR SALE—A room cottage and one acre of land, So. Lincoln St. Cheap if taken at once, Matt Farrell, R. D. 6. 3t

EGGS FOR SETTING—From pure bred barred Plymouth Rocks, 75c per setting of 15; \$4.00 per 100. Mammoth Pekin Ducks \$1.00 per setting of 12. Mrs. W. F. Starkweather, Grand Rapids, Wis. R. D. 1. 4t

Justice of the Peace  
Office at the City Hall  
Legal Papers drawn—Marriages Performed  
Grand Rapids Wisconsin

Scandinavian Moravian Church  
9:30 A. M. Sunday school.  
10:30 A. M. English service every Sunday except the first in the month which is Norwegian.  
7:30 P. M. English service.  
Junior Christian Endeavor Saturday at 4 P. M.  
Willing Workers will meet next week with Miss Sandman.  
Rudolph Moravian Church  
Cunday school opens Sunday, May 11th at 1:30 P. M. All attend the first service.  
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10







## Sturdy Womanhood

Is the demand of to-day

In the Health and Strength of the Wives and Mothers Rests the Future Integrity of the Nation.

We must preserve our womanhood. There is need, greater than ever for strong women. Apparently, the race is not as sturdy as formerly or our women are victims of an over-civilization and less able to resist disease.

Thousands suffer and thousands more are destined to suffer from that most insidious of diseases, catarrh. Ninety-seven per cent of the people have catarrh. It is not confined to the head, nose and throat as many suppose. Catarrh inflammation may attack the stomach, bowels or any portion of the body where there are mucous linings. It is no respecter of persons or position. Everyone is liable to attack.

Mrs. Mary Flecke, 597 Berman St., Chicago, Ill., was one of its victims. She says: "I have weighed 150 lbs. and am 100 pounds. For years I suffered with my stomach, cramps and severe headaches. After reading Dr. Hartman's Health Book, I decided to try Peruna. The first bottle brought good results, but as I was bound to get well, I took twelve.

Fifteen years ago, I started with Peruna and I wouldn't be without it. My weight is now around 200 pounds and I am hale and hearty at the age of 63. I can do as much work as my daughter."

The use of Peruna for forty-five years in the American family has proved its worth. If you are sick, do not give up. Try Peruna. Write The Peruna Company, Dept. B, Columbus, Ohio, for free literature. Health Book, 10¢. Peruna is sold everywhere in liquid and tablet form. Write Dr. Hartman's Health Book, 10¢. Ask your dealer for a Peruna Almanac.

Of Two Evils. With you would take care of the baby for an hour or two. I am going to have a tooth pulled.

Husband—See here, dearie, you mind the baby, and I'll go and get a couple of teeth pulled.—Curtains Magazine.

## FRECKLES

Now is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots

There is no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles. An Othello-double strength is guaranteed to remove these blemishes.

Simply get an ounce of Othello-double strength—from your druggist and apply a little of it each morning and you should soon see that even the most freckled have begun to disappear. While the freckles are here, rub them gently. It is so simple that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and give a beautiful clear complexion.

We are sure to ask for the double strength Othello, as this is sold under the name of money back if it fails to remove freckles.—Adv.

Spain's Harvest. Official statistics as to the 1918 harvest in Spain show that the crops were as follows: in metric tons: Wheat, 3,003,420; barley, 1,970,343; oats, 442,230; rice, 773,349; corn, 613,223; rice 207,648; and chickpeas, 110,727.

How happy is he that owes nothing but to himself.

Unnecessary. "Oh, my," yawned the wife as baby pleaded with her to arise and prepare his breakfast. "You never let me have my beauty sleep?"

"What don't you need a beauty sleep, dear?" answered hubby.

"And it came to pass that wife quickly arose, and there have been no more late breakfasts in that household, even unto this day.—Judge.

BOSCHEE'S SYRUP

will quiet your cough, soothe the inflammation of a sore throat and lungs, stop irritation in the bronchial tubes, insure a good night's rest, free from coughing and with easy expectoration in the morning. Made and sold in America for fifty-two years. A wonderful prescription, assisting Nature in building up your general health and throwing off the disease. Especially useful in lung trouble, asthma, croup, bronchitis, etc. For sale in all civilized countries.—Adv.

Never. "One thing that need never expect any sympathy when it's down."

"And that is?"

"The thermometer."

## "FAKE" ASPIRIN WAS TALCUM

Counterfeiter Caught! The New York health authorities had a Brooklyn manufacturer sentenced to the penitentiary for selling throughout the United States millions of "Talcum powder" tablets as Aspirin Tablets.

Don't ask for Aspirin Tablets—Always say "Bayer."

Don't buy Aspirin in a pill box! Get Bayer package!

Always say, "Give me genuine Bayer Tablets of Aspirin." Insist you want only the Bayer package with the "Bayer Cross" on the package and on the tablets.

The genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" have been proved safe by millions for Pain, Headache, Neuralgia, Toothache, Earache, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Colds, Gripe, Influenza Colds, Joint Pains, Neuritis. Proper dose in every "Bayer" package. American owned!

Doses of 12 tablets—Bottles of 24—Bottles of 100—Also Capsules.

Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monocetate of Salicylic Acid.

Glittering Highways. "Why don't you take a drive of that auto you are acting so queerly?"

"I will in time," answered the bicycle policeman. "I always like to let him enjoy himself for awhile. He imagines he's Stahnd the sailor, and when he sees all the glass in the roadway he thinks he's in the valley of diamonds."

Of two evils some men choose the lesser—unless there is more money in the other one.

Life in the Army. First Orderly Sergeant—You know, Bill, a man's mind gets pretty rusty after a few months of this life.

Second Orderly Sergeant—Right! I haven't used my head for a thing lately except as a drill ground for my razor.—Judge.

The Wise Man's Comment. "Women will vote the way their husbands tell them to." "Guess you haven't had much experience with women."

Not Much of a Pusher. It was the elevated station at 8:30 on a weekday morning. The advice of the Irish guard who helps close the gates of the rear cars was an education in itself. But he had a competitor in a girl who was doing her valiant best to get on. "Push, push," she urged of a weak little masculine beside her. In a wish-washy voice he replied that he was pushing. And he came the swift remark: "You make me tired? You push like a jellyfish!"—New York Sun.

Naturally. "I know a man who was making money hand over fist when the police caught him."

"What was he doing?"

"Porch-climbing."

Point of Uncertainty. "So the document was signed, sealed and delivered," remarked the man of formalities.

"It was signed and sealed all right. I am not so sure about its being delivered. The most I could do was to put it in the post office."

Sure Sign. "I noticed when at your house your mother has a pair of striking black eyes."

"Good heavens! Has she and the old man been at it again?"

A Wholesome, Cleansing, Refreshing and Soothing Lotion—Mullein for Redness, Soreness, Granulation, Itching and Burning of the Eyes or Eyelids.

"2 Drops" After the Movies, Motor or Golf when your eyes are tired. Ask Your Druggist for Mullin when your Eyes Need Care. Mullin Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

Nothing to Sell. Only Information to Give.

J. L. EDWARDS, Manager, AETL Section, U. S. Railroad Administration, Room 2000, Washington, D. C.

Now Is the Time to Buy a Farm in Good Old U. S. A.

Although the war is over, the demand for food continues. The business of producing things to eat, therefore, gives promise of paying satisfactory dividends.

The U. S. RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION is the co-operation of the people who wish to engage in farming, stock raising, dairying, poultry raising, fruit growing, and kindred pursuits. Free information will be furnished about farm opportunities in any State on request.

Write today. Give me the name of the State you want information about, what kind of farm activity you wish to follow, and we will send you what you will need, and let you know what kind of farm you can get. The more particularly you can want regarding your requirements, the better I can serve you.

Nothing to Sell. Only Information to Give.

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What Happened. First Autoist—Did your new automobile go fast?

Second Autoist—No; it stuck fast.

Keep your liver active, your bowels clean by taking Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets and you'll keep healthy, wealthy and wise. Adv.

Fine clothes do not make the woman, but they sometimes break the husband.

Want of tact is an incurable infirmity.

Your Eyes

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## FEW NEW PHRASES COINED

In That Respect the Recent Appalling Conflict May Be Considered to Have Been Tame.

In one particular it was not the greatest war in history.

We know that more men lost their lives, more soldiers were in battle and more money was spent than in any previous war.

But colossal as was the conflict in other respects, it was quite tame in its supply of new words and new phrases. "Gildard" writes in the Philadelphia Press.

Hardly a word came into the language as the result of four years of appalling disaster.

Only a few new expressions were born.

Even in the matter of war songs this German war was different.

It was more sentimental and less militant than some great wars of the past.

Of all new English phrases coined since that memorable August, 1914, "Over the top," is by far the most frequently quoted and the most significant.

It is now in general use to express an emphatic finish. But what other did we get?

Of course, we had the "Hun," but that was old, and it lacked the punch of originality.

It didn't carry the hatred and sting that went with what our ancestors called the Hessian, nor the fathers baptized the Copperhead.

"Piffling" was entirely new, but that lacks the venom that signified "Tory" of the Revolution and even yet carries on with that phrase in this country.

The South got many a wild curtain call with its telling phrase, "Northern Mudballs."

"Doughface" was a highly expressive title that still reeks with the campaign against slavery and was first used by John Randolph of Virginia.

Oliver P. Morton's graphic phrase, "sawing the bloody shirt," had a whole host of meaning behind it and really summed up a great national issue.

Since the Mexican war "Greaser" has been a fighting word from the mouth of the Rio Grande to the Gulf of California.

Gen. Ben Butler's interpretation of the status of a negro during the Civil war gave an entirely new meaning to the word "contraband."

No unit of this new and greater American army had a title that will stick longer than did that of the "Bucktails."

No general in any of the allied armies won a sobriquet to match that of "Stonewall" Jackson of the Confederate hosts.

A presidential campaign in 1940 was keyed upon the slogan, "Tippecanoe and Tyler, too," the "Tippecanoe" being old General Harrison, who won the name and his fame in Indian forays.

Up Among the Birds.

In spite of their difficult and exacting task, a few airmen have found opportunity to observe and record the height at which various migratory birds are accustomed to fly. Thus, from French soldiers of the air it has learned that swallows have been observed to maintain an average altitude of 700 yards and wild ducks one of 1,800 yards, and that green plovers have been seen at a height of 2,150 yards. Incidentally it may be mentioned that the ducks were moving at a speed of 62½ miles an hour when flying upward, and 60 miles an hour when flying horizontally. Another aviator, while flying at 9,500 feet saw swallows high above him. And another, who made his observations at a height of 6,000 feet during a heavy bombardment, with antiaircraft shells bursting all about him, says he saw 200 golden plovers, perhaps driven higher than usual by the fact that the vicinity was an unpleasant belt to cross.—Youth's Companion.

Chloroform Administered by Tube.

A new method of administering chloroform, brought out in France by Doctor Guisez, is described in Scientific American. The doctor no longer applies the drug by the usual compress or mask placed over the mouth, but introduces the chloroform vapor directly into the lungs through a tube running into the windpipe. The tube method has already been employed in several hundred cases, and with great success. Besides being very useful for operations to be performed on the head and neck, it is of great interest because it never produces nausea.

The effects of the new method will serve to explain the reason why chloroform operations always produced nausea when operating by the former method, for it appears evident that the nausea was caused by a part of the chloroform vapors being absorbed by the esophagus and the stomach.

Protect Wild Life.

In New Zealand there are now 20 acclimation societies, organized for the purpose of protecting the native wild life of the country and introducing and protecting new game birds and animals. The societies are all chartered by the government and are under its supervision. They have introduced into the colony a large number of pheasants of different varieties, California quail, Australian opossums, wood cock, rail, trout, salmon, etc. The societies pay bounties for the destruction of hawks and other enemies of useful birds and mammals.

Not Much of a Pusher.

It was the elevated station at 8:30 on a weekday morning. The advice of the Irish guard who helps close the gates of the rear cars was an education in itself. But he had a competitor in a girl who was doing her valiant best to get on. "Push, push," she urged of a weak little masculine beside her. In a wish-washy voice he replied that he was pushing. And he came the swift remark: "You make me tired? You push like a jellyfish!"—New York Sun.

Naturally.

"I know a man who was making money hand over fist when the police caught him."

"What was he doing?"

"Porch-climbing."

Point of Uncertainty.

"So the document was signed, sealed and delivered," remarked the man of formalities.

"It was signed and sealed all right. I am not so sure about its being delivered. The most I could do was to put it in the post office."

Sure Sign.

"I noticed when at your house your mother has a pair of striking black eyes."

"Good heavens! Has she and the old man been at it again?"

## New Spring Furs Make Their Bow

Now it seems we divide our furs into three seasons at least: spring, summer and winter. The newest furs are called spring furs. They are very new and they are very lovely. For the most part this spring, writes a prominent fashion correspondent, the newest neckpieces are soft little stoles and scarves of mink, Hudson bay sable and fisher. One animal is used for the whole piece to give a smart effect and the wearer's neck tight and close. No furry animal is ever softer and richer than the light brown sable. The little head and paws and tail are left on to attest the beauty of the little creature after the furriers have done their utmost to him. The small neckpieces for which the sables are used are worn by the greater number of women clasped in the back or at one side. These little fur pieces have not been so much in favor for the last few years as they were some years back, and because of their return to favor this spring we may say they are having a revival. I have seen no fur pieces in years prettier or more becoming to almost every wearer than the new ones made of three animals to give length sufficient to wrap around the throat and leave a long scarf on each side. Worn with one of the new jaunty tricorne hats and a smart frock this sort of fur neckpiece, if one may so style it, is intensely stylish and becoming. These are not

most indispensable in the cool days of spring. Many of them have long, tight sleeves of the fur and others are nothing more than high and deep collars, sometimes with revers of a contrasting fur added.

White Furs Out.

We see no white furs at all; even ermine, which used to represent a "lady" of the highest degree, is having a quiet rest. Can it be because ermine is so closely associated with royalty and now royalty is just about to be no more? Anyway, ermine is entirely out of the running and white fox, too, has had its day and is quiet also for a while.

To return to the jackets and coats—the most sumptuous and lovely wrap one can see on a spring day is made with a loose hanging cape-like back of the softest, richest Russian sable.

The upper part has the skins forming a yoke and going across and around the shoulders rather than down the back as the other skins which form the lower part of the wrap do. The front is formed into a sort of waistcoat, and is held in by a girdle of fur—oh, yes, of course the coats, too, have the shoulders.

Indeed, one or two I have seen are really nothing but little waistcoats with sleeves added, and one model, at least, is a waistcoat in front with pointed ends and pockets for buttons and has no sleeves at all.

Mink Stole and a Hudson Bay Seal Cape With Stole Ends Tied in the Back, Among the Distinctive Models Being Shown for Spring Wear.

very wide and as they are not flattened out, but are left the natural size, they make close-fitting collars of the right height for the average neck.

All women know that furs worn close about the throat and well up to the chin are more becoming than the wide and flat pieces, however long and luxurious the hair of the latter may be.

It must be borne in mind that I am speaking now of the spring fur pieces for later on we shall discuss turn of the same enthusiasm we have shown the last three years toward our foxes and lynxes and wide, flat stoles of mink and mink, kolinsky and wolf. As it is, the smaller creatures are in just at this time and are being received with much enthusiasm.

Mole and Squirrel Blend.

It is astonishing how beautifully some skins combine, as I observed in a splendid new narrow stole of mole with squirrel trimming and big round fur balls finishing each end. The effects of the new method will serve to explain the reason why chloroform operations always produced nausea when operating by the former method, for it appears evident that the nausea was caused by a part of the chloroform vapors being absorbed by the esophagus and the stomach.

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MANY TRICKS WITH CHENILLE

Narrowest Variety and Needle for the Purpose Will Afford the Best Results.

As you know, chenille embroidery has been effective as it is modish. But you will find it just a bit discouraging if you don't already know some of the tricks of the chenille embroidery trade.

In the first place, advises a correspondent, you will do well to select the narrowest variety that comes and a needle if you intend using the stuff embroidery-wise. Otherwise, you will "cough" the chenille to your backround. There is more than one trick to successful couching, too. Done too close, the chenille may be unbecomingly scraggy, due to cutting of the couching stitches. Hence it is wise to make the couching stitches loose enough so that the chenille threads may be picked up; then tighten the stitches and brush the chenille smooth.

Finally, you will observe that it is much easier to follow curved designs

when doing chenille embroidery, for the stuff curves quite naturally and is just a bit stubborn for straight-line work.

Overblouses Fashionable.

Overblouses are to continue an item of style interest and they will use colorings that are rich and vary. Colors used run from the brilliance of Victory red and fawn green to the soft beauty of deep bisque and reseda. Variety of belt treatment and colorful embroidery are the distinguishing features of these blouses which are developed on full Russian lines with an occasional Japanese or Chinese variation. Embroidery is done chiefly in wool, with beads and tinsel following closely, often with a mingling of all three.

Life in Bermuda.

One feature of life in Bermuda which always impresses the stranger is the apparent prosperity of the natives, white and colored alike. Distressing poverty is unknown, and even the poorest families can boast of a stone house and a garden.

## Physicians Recommend Castoria

YOU know the real human doctors right around in your neighborhood: the doctors made of flesh and blood just like you: the doctors with souls and hearts: those men who are responding to your call in the dead of night as readily as in the broad daylight; they are ready to tell you the good that Fletcher's Castoria has done, is doing and will do, from their experience and their love for children.

Fletcher's Castoria is nothing new. We are not asking you to try an experiment. We just want to impress upon you the importance of buying Fletcher's.

Your physician will tell you this, as he knows there are a number of imitations on the market, and he is particularly interested in the welfare of your baby.

Do the People Know?

Do you know why you are asked to call for Fletcher's Castoria when you want a child's remedy? why you must insist on Fletcher's?

For years we have been explaining how the popularity of Fletcher's Castoria has brought out innumerable imitations, substitutes and counterfeits.

To protect the babies: to shield the homes and in defense of generations to come we appeal to the better judgment of parents to insist on having Fletcher's Castoria when in need of a child's medicine. And remember above all things that a child's medicine is made for children: a medicine prepared for grown-ups is not interchangeable. A baby's food for a baby. And a baby's medicine is just as essential for the baby.

The Castoria Recipe (it's on every wrapper) has been prepared by the same hands in the same manner for so many years that the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and perfection in the product are synonymous.

MOTHERS SHOULD READ THE BOOKLET THAT IS AROUND EVERY BOTTLE OF FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Redeeming Trait. She—At least there is one thing to the credit of Annals.

He—What is that?

She—When he was caught in the act of lying he didn't say he couldn't help it; it was all Sapphira's fault.—Baltimore American.

A Chesterfield in the Rough. Lady—I think you are the worst-looking tramp I have ever seen.

Tramp—Lady, it is only in the presence of such uncommon beauty that I look so bad.

Beyond Pardon



# OUR BIG ANNIVERSARY SALE!

Our Big Anniversary Sale starts Friday, May 9th, and continues until Saturday Night, May 17th.

This is our Thirty-Second Anniversary, and we are going to celebrate by giving you some of the best bargains in merchandise that you have ever had. We have been able to make some fortunate purchases at unusually low prices. We made these purchases especially for you, so do not fail to take advantage of this opportunity to save money. Come early while the stocks are complete. If possible, try to shop in the morning. You will be able to make your purchases easier and our salespeople will be able to give you better service than they can during the afternoon rush.

Below are Some of the Unusual Values We Offer:

## Ready-to-Wear Dept. Specials

Rompers, values to 95c, this sale 65c. These are very exceptional values, less than the making alone would cost, the gingham are all good quality and come in light and dark colors, sizes 1 to 6 years.

All children's tub skirts at 95c. White or col'd. stripes sizes 6 to 14 years, values to \$1.59 sale. .95c

One lot of Middies made with large collar buttoned down the front and with belt, a good assortment of sizes, regular price \$2.25, sale price . . . \$1.45

Ladies and Misses Raincoats, size 16 to 38 bust. Colors blue and tan, values to \$5.00, while they last. . . \$2.95

Children's raincoats, some with caps, size 5 to 14 years, values to \$3.75, this sale. . . \$1.95

School bags at. . . 10c

An extra large overall apron piped in white, has short sleeves and one pocket, belt across the back, light and dark colors, size to 32, priced \$2.65, this sale. . . \$1.25

Good quality overall apron without sleeves, gray only, regular price \$1.25, this sale. . . 65c

All hair switches, 10 per cent discount. A good assortment of colors, can match almost any hair. . . 35c to \$6.00

Skirts, some values to \$7.50, this sale \$4.95. These are light and dark colors, some are fancy stripes and checks, a good assortment of sizes, while they last. . . \$4.95

Extra good quality percale, house dresses, sizes to 52, values to \$3.45, this sale . . . \$1.75

## Specials in Paint, Paper and Crockery Departments

Our special prices during our 32nd Anniversary Sale in our wallpaper and paint department. Read every item carefully as you will find money saving values in every item.

Lot No. 1. A large assortment of block and small check light and dark kitchen papers with ceilings made to match and narrow borders, a special price, this sale only 13c, 15c 18c and 20c per double roll of 16 yards, covering a space of 60 square feet to the roll.

Lot No. 2. Six of our best patterns in kitchen washable till papers heavily varnished, at this sale only 45c per double roll. A large assortment of plain ceiling papers on sale all during this sale at, per double roll . . . 16c

Lot No. 3. Ten of our best selling patterns in bedroom papers for this sale only at 15c, 18c and 20c. These papers are all new and in striped designs which will save you, as there is no waste in matching. Beautifully cut out borders to match at, per yard . . . 4c and 5c

Lot No. 4. A large assortment of beautiful parlor, living room and hall papers, heavy stock and easy to hang. Priced at this sale at 25c per double roll. Five heavy figured parlor and living room papers with wide borders to match at . . . 28c

Lot No. 5. Paint specials all during this Sale:

Moore's 475 floor varnish, per gal. . . \$2.50

Moore's Impervo floor varnish at, per gal. . . \$3.15

Berry Bros. Liquid Granite, per gallon. . . \$4.65

Vitalite white enamel at, per gal. . . \$6.50

Inside Gloss Paint at per quart . . . 75c

Moore's Pure Linseed Oil paint, per gal. . . \$3.30

Moore's Floor Paint at, per gal. . . \$2.50

Moore's Inside Flat paint at, per gal. . . \$2.50

Jap a Lac Varnish stain, at per quart . . . 95c

Wallpaper cleaner at, per can . . . 10c

Wallpaper paste, two pounds for . . . 25c

Black Buggy Paint, per quart . . . 95c

One lot of Alabastine at, per package . . . 43c

Fifty gallons in assorted colors and sizes of house paint to close at, per gallon . . . \$1.95

A good grade of interior woodwork or furniture varnish to close at per gallon . . . \$1.45

Paint brushes for this sale at only 15c, 25c, 30c, 45c 75c

Dinnerware, Mount Vernon pattern, 32 piece set: 6 tea cups and saucers, six 7 inch plates, six 5 inch plates, one 10 inch dish, one 8 inch baker, one covered butter, one covered sugar, one creamer, for this sale, only . . . \$5.50

A beautiful four piece table set, including sugar, creamer, spoon holder and covered butter dish in grape design, at . . . 50c

We still have a good supply of Colonial tumblers which we are going to offer you at, per dozen . . . 75c

We have a new lot of white cups and saucers, St. Dennis pattern, which we are selling at \$1.40 for six. Cups only, for six . . . \$1.40

We have a few flower vases, prettily shaped, for this Sale only . . . 12c

Imitation cut glass dish, can be used for serving different things, to close out at . . . 9c

A beautiful seven piece Colonial berry set to close out at 50c

We have a good selection of earthenware, kettles, beanpots, teapots, pie plates and cake plates, to close out at, each 10c 15c and . . . 25c

Crystal Fountain flower blocks:

Two inch at . . . 35c

Three inch at . . . 45c

Five inch at . . . 65c

## Drug Department Specials

Perfume at 12c. A special lot of perfume in special bottles at sale price of . . . 12c

Fletcher's 35c Castoria, during this sale at. . . 28c

30c size Sloan's Liniment, special sale price. . . 23c

\$1.00 size Robinson's lice killer, special sale price . . . 79c

15c E-Z dyes, very good for dyeing and stencil work, special sale price, per tube. . . 11c

EXTRA SPECIAL—30c bottle Burnham's hair tonic, very few left, special now at . . . 14c

\$1.00 size Dr. Hebras blood, liver and nerve tonic, special Anniversary sale price, per bottle only. . . 79c

25c Castile soap, per bar . . . 13c

15c Peroxide soap with face cloth, special during this sale at . . . 9c

THE BOYS ARE COMING HOME—Decorate your car, for them with an Allied Emblem, fastens on the radiator of your car, price . . . 48c

## Men's Clothing Dept. Specials

Genuine Paris garters, regular price 30c, special during this sale at . . . 19c

Men's white canvas gloves with knit wrist, worth 19c today special price per pair . . . 12c

Men's work shirts at 95c, this includes our good work shirts, values up to \$1.35, in sizes from 14 1/2 to 17. Buy your work shirts now.

Men's arm bands 10c grade, during this sale at. . . 6c

A selection of men's spring caps, very good styles, and patterns, \$1.25 values, special during this sale at. . . 79c

Men's army work socks, good quality and heavy weight worth 25c, our special price at. . . 19c

Boy's Knickerbocker pants at 58c, sizes 6 to 9. These pants are worth 85c today.

Men's big three overalls and jackets at \$1.98. This is a very high class overall at an exceptionally low price. Buy them now.

Men's \$1.95 overalls, special now at \$1.39. This includes plain blue and blue striped overalls.

One assortment of men's white dress shirts with collars attached, values up to \$1.75, special sale price . . . \$1.18

Men's union suits, ecru colored, light weight, cotton ribbed with light fleecing for spring season, regular price \$1.25, special Anniversary sale price only . . . 79c

Umbrellas at 1.08. During this sale we will sell men's umbrellas, very good quality at each . . . \$1.08

Men's and boys laundered stiff collars in six good styles, sizes range from 12 1/2 up to 18 1/2, but not all sizes in each style. This is the best bargain that we have been able to offer you for some time. You can buy these collars for little more than laundering costs. Special during the Anniversary sale, while they last at 4 1/2c each or per dozen at 45c.

SPECIAL VALUES

We will offer during this sale a limited number of men's grey rain coats at \$4.98. This is an exceptional value at this time. Don't overlook this item.

## Corset Department Specials

One lot of corsets, values up to \$1.25 and \$1.50, made of good quality coutil, medium low bust, pink and white, size 18 and 26 to 30, special sale price each. . . 89c

Ane lot of Bandeau brassiers in pink and white, sizes 32 and 40 and 42 only, regular values at 50c and 75c, special now at . . . 39c

50c Corset covers made with lace trimmings and with camille tops, sizes 38 to 40, special sale price. . . 35c

Ladies \$1.25 muslin gowns, slip over style neck and sleeve finished with embroidered edges, sizes 16 and 17, special during this sale at. . . 98c

One lot of infant's dresses and skirts that are slightly soiled special at . . . 19c

Children's 50c muslin petticoats with embroidery ruffle, sizes 8, 10, 12 and 14 years, special price each. . . 38c

## Millinery Department Specials

Offers further reductions during this sale on every hat in stock excepting Leghorns, Malines and White Hats, up to and including the prices named. For instance for this sale are the following trimmed hats. . . \$4.00

Ten \$10.00 hats, during this sale your choice. . . \$4.00

Fifteen \$9.00 hats, during this sale, your choice. . . \$4.00

Fifteen \$8.00 hats, during this sale, your choice. . . \$4.00

Twenty \$7.50 hats, during this sale your choice. . . \$4.00

Twenty \$6.00 hats, during this sale your choice. . . \$4.00

No better time than now to secure one or more hats far below regular price.

## Hardware Dept. Specials

Regular 75c value Mirror Aluminum Stew Pans. We made a fortunate purchase on these pans and we are going to pass them on to our customers. Special Anniversary Sale price, each, only . . . 49c

One lot of 25c barn door latches, special during the Anniversary Sale at a big snap price of, each . . . 12c

50c Post Hole Diggers, special during the Anniversary sale, each, only . . . 23c

30c Safety Razor, special sale price, each only . . . 19c

\$1.00 Champion Spark plugs, size 1-2 inch and 7-8 inch, special during the sale at each only . . . 69c

10c Black Knight stove polish, special sale price . . . 7c

One lot of 25c cork screws, during Anniversary Sale, your choice, very well made, only . . . 16c

## Shoe Department Specials

60 pairs boys' wax calf bluchers, green chrome soles, sizes 1 to 5 1/2 at. . . \$2.45

Men's brown Elk skin bluchers and outing pattern shoes, bark leather soles, a great value, Anniversary sale \$2.85

Ladies' strap slippers and pumps, come in kid, patent and dull leathers, sizes 2 1/2 to 4, sale price. . . \$2.65

## Jewelry Specials

50c quality ladies gold filled bar pins, special anniversary sale price . . . 38c

50c gold filled soldered link locket chains, special now at 35c

Children's gold filled bib fasteners, very practical, regular price 95c, special during this sale at. . . 65c

## Pure Food Grocery Specials

Our advice is, don't miss this sale, you will lose money if you do. Never before have we placed such money saving bargains before the public.

### EXTRA SPECIALS—VICTORIA FLOUR

98 pound bags . . . \$6.90

49 pound bags . . . \$3.45

24 pound bags . . . \$1.74

Brans per hundred \$2.15. Same price by ton lots but it will pay you to buy that much. Mr. Farmer don't forget we give a 2% cash discount on cash slips.

Sugar per hundred. . . \$9.70 10 pounds. . . \$1.00

Northern Blend Coffee, 5 pound bags. . . \$1.75

Jefferson Brand Coffee, 1 pound package. . . 35c

If either of the above coffees do not meet with your entire satisfaction we will gladly refund your money.

### CANNED GOODS! CANNED GOODS! CANNED GOODS!

Early June Peas, per can. . . 14c

Fancy Wisconsin, sweet corn per can. . . 15c

Van Camp's Pork and Bean, No. 2 size can. . . 16c

Hub City Pork and Beans, No. 3 size can. . . 23c

Curtis Bros. Canned Strawberries, special per can. . . 35c

3 cans for. . . \$1.00

Fancy Pink Salmon, per can. . . 22c

Sardines, per can 9c 3 cans for. . . 25c

Tomato Pulp, per can. . . 7c

Tomato Puree, per can . . . 30c

Crisco Oil for cooking, frying an salads per can. . . 30c

Crisco, better and cheaper than lard, 1 pound can. . . 22c

Marianna Molasses, very best grade of New Orleans molasses, per can . . . 38c

Karo Syrup, dark 1/2 gallon pail, each . . . 13c and 15c

Libby's canned milk, large cans each . . . 14c

Hebe's Milk, large cans . . . 14c

### BOTTLE GOODS

Pickles, dill, sour and sweet, medium size jars, per jar. . . 8c

Beachnut Peanut Butter, extra special, 35c jars. . . 22c

Beachnut Peanut Butter, small size jar, each. . . 10c

Libby's Mustard, very best grade per jar. . . 10c

Mustard per glass. . . 8 and 9c

Libby's Stuffed Olives, per bottle. . . 18c

Marachino Cherries, per bottle. . . 31c

35c jars Durkey's Salad Dressing. . . 18c

25c jars Durkey's Salad Dressing. . . 18c

### CEREAL SPECIALS

Corn Puffs per package . . . 12c

Puffed Wheat per package . . . 12c

Puffed Rice per package. . . 12c

Shredded Wheat per package . . . 13c

Postum Cereal, large package. . . 19c

Dr. Prices' Corn Flakes, per package. . . 11c

Grape Nuts, per package . . . 11c

Swansdown Cake flour per package. . . 35c

Post Toasties large size per package. . . 19c

Post Toasties, small size per package. . . 13c

Douglas Corn Starch per package. . . 6 1/2c

Kingford's Gloss starch, 1 pound package, per pkg. . . 9c

Ginger Snaps, very best grade, per pound. . . 13c

Tip Top bar, an iced crisp bar, per bar. . . 20c

This is a very fancy cookie that usually sells for 25 or 28c per pound.

Soda Crackers by the box or can per pound. . . 16c

Calumet Baking Powder, 1 pound can. . . 20c

Royal Baking Powder 45c can. . . 30c

Royal Baking Powder 25c can. . . 19c

Arm and Hammer Soda:

8 oz pkg. . . 2c 12 oz pkg. . . 3c 16 oz pkg. . . 4c

Prunes very best grade per pound. . . 11c

### EXTRA SPECIALS IN SMOKING TOBACCO

Standard Tobacco, 7 oz package. . . 20c

P. S. Tobacco 7 oz. package . . . 58c

S. and N. Tobacco, 7 oz pkg. 25c 16 oz pkg. . . 40c

Niggerhair tobacco, 8 oz package. . . 25c

Velvet Tobacco, per can, 13s 2 tins. . . 25c

### SPECIALS IN SOAPS AND WASHING POWDER

Bob White Soap, 10 bars . . . 55c

Electric Spark Soap, 10 bars . . . 55c

Jap Rose Toilet soap per bar. . . 9c

Snow Boy Washing Powder, large size each. . . 18c

Gold Dust Washing Powder large size each. . . 22c

Sunbrite Cleanser, per can. . . 4c

Borax, bluk, per pound. . . 10c

Soap Flakes, bulk per pound. . . 25c

Soap Chips, bulk per pound. . . 15c

Lux per pound . . . 11c 3 packages. . . 30c

20c Mule Team Borax Soap Chips, 50 pkg at. . . 34c

20 Mule Team Borax Soap Chips, small size, per pkg. . . 10c

Rising Sun Stove Polish, 10 sticks. . . 6c

E. Z. Stove Polish, 10c size. . . 6 1/2c

Blue Ribbon Matches, regular size per pkg. of 6 boxes. . . 29c

LAMP BURNERS AND WICKS, almost giving them away

No. 1 size Lamp Burner. . . 5c

No. 2 size Lamp Burners. . . 7c

No. 3 size Lamp Burners. . . 7c

Wicks for No. 1 and 2 lamps per dozen. . . 6c

MR. FARMER—We know the weather during the past week has been far from being the best for doing your spring seeding. However, don't delay in buying your seeds as they are very scarce. The market is already cleaned up on several kinds of seeds. When in need of seeds see us. We carry the largest line of garden and field seeds in Wood county.

## Dry Goods Dept. Specials

25c bleached Canton flannel, 27 inches wide, sale price. 19c

Bleached outing flannel, special price, 10 yards for. . . \$1.19

Unbleached outing flannel, special price 10 yards for. . . \$1.09

25c quality unbleached yard wide sheeting, good grade, special sale price only . . . 17c

Bleached crash toweling 17 inches wide, part linen worth 20c, special during this sale, 5 yards for . . . 79c

25c bleached yard wide sheeting, special during this sale at . . . 18 1/2c

27c yard wide Bridal nainsook, special sale price. . . 19c

10c bleached hospital gauze or cheese cloth special at per yard . . . 7c

Genuine serpentine crepe, worth 38c, special this sale at per yard . . . 27c

Good quality bed ticking regular price 25c, special at. . . 17c

Good quality double width percales, both light and dark percales, double width percales, both light and dark percales, worth 25c, special this sale. . . 18 1/2c

Apron checked gingham, special during this sale at. . . 14 1/2c

J. P. Coats thread worth 6c, all colors, special at. . . 4c

7c safety pins, 3 assorted sizes on card, per card special at 4c

Calicoes at 12 1/2c for light colors and 14c for dark colors. One lot of ladies and children's spring underwear unionsuits and drawers. Your choice of this lot at ONE THIRD OFF regular prices.

Ladies' 25c black hose, special at . . . 19c

Minerva Grey knitting worsted yarn, special price per ball of 1 1/4 ounces. . . 45c

One lot of D. M. C. 3c satin floss in colors and white, special at 3 for . . . 5c

One lot of Klostersilk and D. M. C. floss, regular price 5c, special at . . . 3c

Royal Society Hoover dresses, very practical, regular price \$2.75, special during this sale at . . . \$2.15

American Maid crochet thread, color white, special during this sale at . . . 9c

One lot of sewing needles, size 5, special price per package, at . . . 5c

60c Auto Scarfs, length 45 inches, in pretty colors, special sale price . . . 35c

\$2.25 fancy silk in stripes and plaids, some very beautiful patterns, special sale price per yard. . . \$1.64

Wool dress goods in black and other colors, short lengths only, special during this sale at ONE FOURTH OFF regular prices.

50c Turkish towels large and heavy, very good bargains at the sale price of. . . 38c

20c value turkish towels, sizes 17x27, special now at. . . 14c

34 inch Union linen lunch cloths, very good quality, regular price 75c, special this sale at . . . 49c

10c mercerized skirt braids in colors, comes in 5 yards to bolt, special price per bolt. . . 5c

Special at ONE HALF PRICE. During this sale, we will sell a nice assortment of laces and insertions in pretty designs, colors black, white and ecru at half price. Come early while the selection is good.

A small lot of silk foulards and poplins in fancy and plain colors, your choice at per yard . . . 65c

Ladies' pure silk gloves, white, pongee and black, size 6 1/2 only, special this sale at . . . 68c

Ladies \$2.50 lambskin kid gloves, color black, sizes 6, 6 1/2 and 6 3/4, special Anniversary sale price per pair. . . \$1.94

Ladies' and children's handkerchiefs, rolled hem, colored embroidered corners, special sale price each. . . 4c

## Carpet Dept. Specials

Selkirk Wilton Rug, brown and green color, small all over pattern, 9x12 size, \$70.00, this sale. . . \$59.00

Biglow Bagdad Wilton Rug, Medallion center, 9x12 size, regular price \$73.50, this sale. . . \$61.00

Biglow Ardebit Wilton Rug, tan and green border, light tan center, 9x12 size, bargain at only . . . \$55.00

Bangor Wilton Rug, all over pattern 9x12 size, regular price \$75.00, this sale . . . \$61.00

Sivas Wilton Rug, in tan and rose color, all over patterns, size 9x12, regular \$80.00 value, special at. . . \$68.00

Light weight-cretonne for quilting 29c value, this sale at. . . 22c

A drapery cretonne, 30c grade at . . . 22c

A good heavy grade of cretonne, suitable for draperies and covering window seat cushions, 40c value, now at. . . 34c

Cretonne in dark or light colors, small patterns, 45c value now . . . 37c

Silkoline in short lengths, regular 33c value at . . . 24c

### FOR DRAPERIES AND SHOPPING BAGS

Terry cloth in stripes or all over pattern, \$1.25 value, this sale at . . . 89c

Green and brown part silk drapery. 34 inches wide, 65c value at only . . . 44c

Curtain net in white, cream and ecru color in short lengths at ONE THIRD OFF off Regular Price.

Just a few odd lots in lace curtains at half price.

### FLOOR COVERING

Neponset floor covering, the floor covering you will like because it looks so well, feels so good to walk on, cleans so easily, wears so long, lies so flat and costs so little, good because it is thoroughly waterproof by saturation. Patterns so designed and colored that there are several choices or any particular room and color scheme. Regular price 75c per square yard, for this sale. . . 54c

### RUGS

Rugs, seamless tapestry Brussels rugs in 8-3x10-6 sizes, very good quality tapestry Brussels, serviceable in every respect, woven of worsted yarn, very neat designs, regular price \$35.00 for this sale . . . \$28.88

Mohawk body brussels rugs, blue color, 9x12 size, \$37.00 value, this sale at . . . \$29.50

Mohawk body brussels rug, medallion center, tan and green colors, 9x12, \$37.00 value, this sale. . . \$29.50

Cenord body brussels rug, small all over pattern, 9x12 size, \$42.50 value, this sale at . . . \$37.00

Bradbury body brussels rug, 9x12 size, grey blue and tan colors, regular price \$42.50, this sale. . . \$37.00

**JOHNSON & HILL CO.**  
Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.